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# EQUATIONS AND PROGRAMS FOR THE USE OF LOW COST DIGITAL COMPUTING EQUIPMENT IN AERODYNAMIC DESIGN SYNTHESIS AND ANALYSIS OF GENERAL AVIATION AIRCRAFT CONFIGURATIONS

TECHNICAL REPORT



March 1965

by
Daniel O. Dommasch
DODCO, INC.
Blawenburg, New Jersey
Under Contract FA-WA-4293

for

FEDERAL AVIATION AGENCY

AIRCRAFT DEVELOPMENT SERVICE

EASE

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AIRCRAFT CONFIGURATIONS, by Daniel O. Dommasch, March 1965
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#### ABSTRACT

This report presents a summary of analysis methods and digital computer programs developed to date in the conduct of the General Aviation Safety Development program of the FAA. This report is complete in itself but does not present detailed derivations of the numerous equations utilized, nor does it constitute a definitive text on digital methods, per se. It is designed to acquaint the General Aviation !ndustry with the methods and programs developed for low cost simulation of aircraft dynamics and parametric studies of design parameters. The equations and programs presented are completely checked, and approximations, when they are involved, are specifically described. Complete digital programs for longitudinal dynamics, (including air turbulence effects, propeller effects, configuration change effects etc.), three axis controlled six degree of freedom motion and spin simulation are presented as appendices, while a full description of the governing equations is given in the text. Programs are written in the DICTATOR II language and a description of the DICTATOR II language is also presented. The DICTATOR language is a programming software system designed especially to expedite solution of engineering and scientific problems on digital computers. It can be learned in about 2 hours, and its use, on low cost computers, makes it possible for almost anyone to effectively use a computer for even the most commonplace problems. To demonstrate such use, a chapter on the topic of digital programming is included in this report.

This program is under the direction of Mr. Colin G. Simpson of the FAA and questions on the report content will be answered by Mr. Simpson or by DODCO, INC., the responsible contractor under Contract FA-WA-4293.

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#### 1.) INTRODUCTION

The mission of the General Aviation Safety Development Program involves analysis and improvement of the pilots environment insofar as this environment influences his ability to safely, easily and conveniently learn to five and to operate his airplane under all conditions. The operating environment is determined by the aircrafts handling characteristics, the instrumentation display, communication system, data dissemination documents, cockpit visibility and control placement and type. Training operations are conducted in all aircraft (at least for check out purposes), and these as well as normal operations are always involved in a study of the pilot environment.

Whereas the General Aviation Safety Development Program under the direction of Mr. C. G. Simpson involves all aspects of the operational environment, the part of the program assigned to DODCO, INC., under Contract FA-WA-4293 is concerned principally with handling qualities as these influence pilot performance. Previous reports (see references) prepared by DODCO, INC., for this project have dealt mainly with the design and use of parallel stability augmentation systems designed to cheaply tailor handling qualities to better suit the needs of human pilots. As part of these studies, low cost digital synthesis and analysis methods were developed for rapid examination of the effects of design parameter changes on systems performance. The methods of analysis are applicable to broader problem areas than this, and can be used to effect cost reduction in the airplane design process itself. Thus, the methods and programs developed have significance independently of the results they have produced to date. This report has been prepared to provide a presentation of the analysis methods and associated digital programs required for implementation. The methods are applicable to aerodynamic configuration analysis, performance studies, examination of stability and control characteristics, reduction of flight test data, parameter study, synthesis and analysis of automatic control devices, and so on.

The particular advantages of the methods reside in their ability to quickly and economically produce quite precise answers to complex problems.

The use of digital computing techniques for analysis of performance, stability and control problems is not new to the aircraft industry as a whole, however such usage has, in the past, been confined mainly to the military and transport types of aircraft because of manpower and cost considerations. However, low cost computers of relatively small size are now available which are quite capable of handling G. A. problems and proper use of this equipment can lead to substantial development savings.

Because of the difficulties involved in obtaining valid, closed form solutions to many aerodynamic problems, particularly those involving pressure distributions, values of stability parameters and assessment of control force characteristics, the G. A. industry has depended heavily in the past upon experimental techniques for design development. Whereas, these techniques will remain essential in the foresceable future, some reduction in the amount of empirical effort due to employment of simulation procedures is possible, which at the very least, will provide a way of not only analysing test data but of defining the avenues of investigation.

Examination of dynamic processes through use of high speed computing equipment is known as simulation. Either digital or analog computers are usable for simulation, however when analog computers are used, every program must be "scaled" by the programmer to ensure that generated numerical values do not fall outside of the usable range of specific amplifiers of the analog circuits and special provisions are required to handle nonlinear problems. On the other hand, analog computers are inherently capable of producing "real time" outputs relatively more cheaply than digital equipment. Hardware and software available in digital systems eliminates the requirement for problem "scaling" and, digital computers, since they function on an increment basis are inherently adapted to solution of nonlinear problems.

For simulation efforts directed toward design goals rather than real time investigation of man-machine interactions, the smaller digital computers such as the IBM 1130 series, COC DDP-116 and similar equipment available at a yearly rental of around \$10,000 are very well suited to economical and rapid solution of design analysis and synthesis problems. Effective use of these low cost, minimum systems, depends on the programming systems (software) utilized. If compiler type software (such as FORTRAN) is used, efficient operation normally requires a considerable amount of peripheral equipment which increases costs, however if systems such as DICTATOR are used such peripheral units are not required, and operations are actually simpler and more rapid than with compilers. Since proper engineering employment of digital computers depends so much on the programming technique employed, a special chapter on computer programming is provided in this report.

The results obtained with a simulation program can be no more accurate than the equations and data used by the program and the accuracy is also influenced by the numerical techniques and word length employed. Inherently the digital computer is a more accurate device than an analog system, however its full accuracy is not required for all problems, and the basic advantage of the digital equipment resides in the fact that it is simple to program a digital computer for most problems.

Good simulation programs faithfully reproduce the actual motions and characteristics of the system being simulated and this means that the equations of motion are not nearly so idealized as those used to obtain closed form solutions on a slide rule or by hand computation. Moreover, to provide a good simulation an essentially complete problem definition is required since computers are naturally incapable of making plausible assumptions, and decision paths and conditional tests must be established by the programmer on an a-priori basis. Therefore, to obtain valid results from computers, one must either start with a good problem analyst or a proven program. This report presents several proven programs of broad application and also presents a discussion of analysis techniques portinent to the G. A. field.

This report is intended to be of use to the G. A. industry, however a report such as this cannot answer all specific questions nor be written to fit in with the background of all its readers. Therefore it is anticipated that a number of questions will arise because of its publication and these questions need to be answered before the potential benefits of the methods can be realized.

To provide for such cuestions, remanded of DTLCC, MC., are available to provide a limited amount of consulvation to the industry in connection with the content of this report. Augminos should be directed either to the FAA or sirectly to DECCO, MC.

Although the emphasis in this report is an amblems not readily solved without a digital computer, it is recognised first, from an encount standarded, the real "may off" in the use of digital are butters in the General Aviation industry depends on their day to day a disperse. In routine computations, and the enalysis of this type of effort our only be carried out in terms of operating circumstances in specific companies. To pie such enelysis, it is recommended that Chapter 6 on digital promotering be studied constuly.

#### 2.) EQUATIONS OF MOTION AND KINDMITTO PALATIONS

The equations governing airplane motion are derived directly from Newton's three basic laws as these apply to a meas particle and to a relation body. Complications arise only because any aris system attached to an airplane is moving and accelerating in immediate and because the condynamic forces and moments are inhorably escapid d with a different axis system than the body axes of the airplane. Marien's laws, in their basic form, apply only to an exis system field in idential space and therefore the maced to be transfermed for a study of simplane relian. Demover, convenient reference axes are not necessarily the principal rices of the body and therefore products of identia and cross products of referry velocities enter into analysis in some cases.

The study of aeroclastic phenomenatical deligible fluiter and other structural deformation effects) involves consideration of circumstered elasticity and damping influences as well as the characteristics of the separate company of the aircraft as they may move and defend independ while of the mass content motion.

We shall not present a disseriation on rigorous rethods of acrestable enalysis it being outside the scope of this date of the decrease. Thus the committee that such studies are well conducted on digital comips at. Thus the committees which follow apply to a structurally rigid cystem, which, however his reveable control surfaces.

The exes systems utilized have been extended to permit study of flight at any eagle of attack or sidesilp and are illustrated in Figure 2:1.

The basic earth reference system is defined by the coordinates h (gausstric altitude), N (true North) and E (true East). The eximuth angle  $\gamma$ , is reasoned from true North in a clockwise sense.

If we were to consider a long name pavic figure! problem or flight at hypersonic speeds, recognition would be required of the fact that the N-I coordinate grid is coincident with the economic bely spherical figure of the earth (goold). That is, N and E are proportionier axes only on a spherical surface and are approximately circular area rather than straight lines. We would also have to account for the first that earth is rotating in inertial space and is simultaneously sowied in its orbit about the sun. Pluster, at the speeds of flight of G. A. equipment consideration of effects of this is unwarranted, since they are too small to provide significant, accountly influences on numerical results.

Thus, we treat the N-E plant as flat, and has a true normal to that plane. The carths rotation acts to slickly reduce the gravitic acceleration, reasoned on the earth surface, however this influences only the fourth significant figure of the value of "g", and one can normally neglect this influence in the study of G. A. dynamics.

Acrodynamic forces are referenced to a vind rais system which has its  $x_{\nu}$  existing the path of flight of its simulate. The magic between the beginning (14E plane) and  $x_{\nu}$  is denoted by  $\gamma$ . The  $\gamma_{\nu}$  exists parallel to the N-E plane

and orthogonal to  $x_W$ , while the z wind axis,  $\tau_v$  is orthogonal to both  $x_W$  and  $y_v$ . The wind axis system is defined, analytic Hy in herms of the carthereforence axis system by first notating about hithrough the azimuth angle  $\psi$  and thence unward about  $y_W$  through the angle  $\gamma_v$ . The net accedynamic lift,  $t_v$  does not normally He in the  $x_W - z_W$  stars but acts at an angle  $\phi_W$  to this alone as shown in Figure 2:1. The capte  $\phi_W$  (i.e., for it is a retation about  $x_W$  only, since lift is defined as acting perpendicular to  $x_W$ . The capte of attack,  $\alpha_v$  is measured in the plane of  $t_v$  and  $x_W$  (i.e., it is a redation in this plane) and the pirch artified tagle  $\theta_v$  is measured in the same alone. The sidestip angle 3 is a relation a measured to the  $t_v$   $t_v$  plane as shown in Figure 2:1. Refations throw a  $\phi_v$  of the D in that order from the wind axis system provide transfer matter  $t_v$  the large axis system denoted by  $x_v$  and  $z_v$  in Figure 2:1. Note that the body axis system has it positive  $z_W$  direction reversed from the right hand axis convention.

The body exes x, y and z are generally drilled smowhet arbitrarily in that x may simply be the zero fuscions station on stalled to the normal zero lift exis of the wing. The y exis is carrolly comparison to the plane of switching of the airplane while the z exis is arbitrarill to x and y. The center of the exis system is taken to be the content of gravity of the airplane and this is also the origin for the wind exis system.

heredynamic moment parameters are normally measured or computed with respect to the x, y, z body exis system while the force parameters are defined in terms of the wind exis system. Consume the x, y, z, exis system is not necessarily the principal exis system of the airplane, the equations of matical about these body exes involve both product of inertia and annular velocity error product terms. As long as calcular velocities are relatively shall, however, there are many chose when it is legitimate to drop all inertial terms other than those involving products of angular accelerations and merents of inertia.

Aside from the case of unequal fuel leading of wing and tip tanks, the xz plane is a plane of dynamic symptomy so that the yexis is a principal exist and the products of inertia involving y coordinates,  $J_{\rm MY}$  and  $J_{\rm MZ}$ , vanish. Under these circumstances the equations of novery motion become (reference 14)

$$I_{x}\dot{p} = J_{xz}(\dot{r} + pq) - (I_{z} - I_{y})qr + \ell$$

$$I_{y}\dot{q} = J_{xz}(r^{2} - p^{2}) + (I_{z} - I_{x})rr + m$$

$$I_{z}\dot{r} = J_{xz}(\dot{p} - qr) - (I_{y} - I_{x})pq + n$$
.....2:1

wherein:

 $I_{\rm x}$  = mass moment of inertia about the x rell exis, slug-ft.<sup>2</sup>  $I_{\rm y}$  = mass moment of inertia about the y (sitch) exis, slug-ft.<sup>2</sup>  $I_{\rm y}$  = mass moment of identia about the z yow axis, slug-ft.<sup>2</sup>

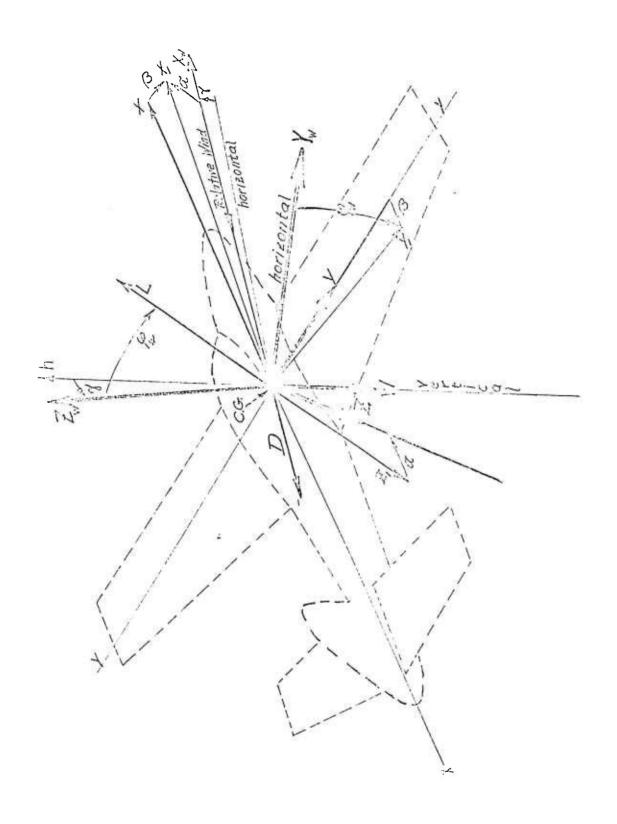


FIGURE 2:1

J<sub>xz</sub> = product of inertia in the xz place, slug-ft.

it - external rolling morest, id-time.

m = external pitching morent, ft-15c.

n = external yawing remont, fi-155.

p = roll rate, rad./sec.

q = pitch rate, rad./sec.

r = yow rate, rad./sec.

(') signifies the first tipe derivative

for studies involving only shall expunsions from equilibrium flicks or when roll, you and pitch rates are shall, it is includify assumed that the rollineal rate, cross product there are of a tool error and that  $\ell_{\rm XZ}$  can be negligible. In such an exact counties as implified to yield

$$\begin{vmatrix} \mathbf{l}_{\mathbf{x}} \dot{\mathbf{n}} = \mathbf{t} \\ \mathbf{l}_{\mathbf{y}} \dot{\mathbf{q}} = \mathbf{n} \end{vmatrix}$$

The equations governing motion of the airplane mass center in still air are:

$$\dot{V} = g \left[ (C_T \cos c_T - C_D)/C_L - \sin c_L \right]$$

$$\dot{\gamma} = (c_T/V) \left[ \left( (C_L + C_T \sin c_T) \cos c_W - C_V \sin c_W \right) / C_L - \cos c_L \right]$$

$$\dot{V} = (c_T/V) \left[ \left( (C_L + C_T \sin c_T) \sin c_W + C_V \cos c_W \right) \right]$$

in which:

V = true airspeed in still air. 67/200.

 $\dot{V} = dV/dt$ , ft/sec.<sup>2</sup>

g = accoleration of gravity, fivera. 2 (taken as a constant EL.17 which includes the influence of conducting I relief due to carta retation at 4.20 latitude)

OT = thrust coefficient, dischalanian, T/q7S

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The probable format, its.

que dynamic pressure, is/fi.², eV/r

Showing area, ft.²

probable fit.²

probable f
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These countions copy only in cittle in, in which are described as special install record columns to the column and a common described and the column are colored and the column are colored and the column are colored and the colored and the colored are colored as a colored and the colored are colored and colored and the colored are colored and colored are colored and colored and colored and colored and colored are colored and colore

Freezer ing of a wide variety of the disconnections is incoming ratioly for study of lengitudinal symmins of a lend, normical any in discount court responses to periodic cust of a measure for examining ability to proover a sidely from discount cases during to the sound of the periodic of the state of a length of external side of the state of a length of external side of the state of the side of the state of the side of the state of the side of the side of the state of the side of t

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If they is the increateneous becieveful or partial of the air disturbers, entitle if a headwind, and they is the form of cases ventical correlation restricted if equand, the velocity of the distance of indiverse the distance air is given by

W. . . . . . . .

Visit incrtial second rolling to the confus surface

Va is true airsmood

y is the inclination of V as illustrated in Figure 2:1

The relative velocity vector. We below no some nonincident with V makes an angle  $\gamma_{\rm r}$  to the horizontal of find by

For study of pure lengitudiant motion due object in angle of attack is given by

bounder this equation is not valid at an illumination is backed.

It is refer that of  $\Delta x$  in a denoted to be will be duly with in the discussion of this, this relations which follows a relation.

Assuming that  $\alpha$  is known and union the time ignorial costs of affiles to diffine  $\Omega_{1}$ ,  $\Omega_{2}$  ato., the equations of minimals contains a zero

v = g [(C <sub>T</sub> ccs) <sub>T</sub> - C <sub>D</sub> cos) + O <sub>L</sub> sin ωνο	c - step]
$\dot{y} = (g/V) \int_{\mathbb{R}} \left( (Q_{\mu} \cos x) + Q_{\mu} \sin x + Q_{\mu} \sin x \right)$	1) 20
: = (g/Y0 <sub>1_</sub> cos;) [o <sub>1</sub> cos; Asijs:	1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -
	::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
wherein of is the inclination of the same	ale 18 V, od to V.
The king which relations are the project of which also define the velocity of the unplicated ring first the velocity of the ', the	in the company of the indicate of the Williams.
h - Vsiny	
and the vertical accoleration, where this $\tau$ differentiation as	land aide is challed by Clear
$\ddot{b} = \dot{v}_{\text{siny}} + \dot{v}_{\text{Vecsy}} = \dot{v}_{\text{cir.}} + \dot{v}_{\text{cir.}}$	
$\dot{\mathbf{x}},$ the instantan bus horizonful of side of	e of is niven by
x - Yeosy	
while the Montherly component or it	
V <sub>i,j</sub> = Vansyansk = xecum	
and the Easterly component of it.	
V <sub>EU</sub> = Vecsysin; = xsir	
Siabs M and E are fixed area in in this c	= , while we that
V.L = Modat - Micin.	

v

$$\dot{V}_{EW} = \dot{x} \sin \psi + \dot{x} \dot{\psi} \cos \psi$$
 .....2:14

Whereas the equations for p, q and r (set 2:1) may be integrated to define p, q, r, respectively, roll, pitch and yew angles are measured between sets of exes rotating with respect to one another so that a second integration cannot be legitmately conducted to define these relative angles, and a linematic resolution is required to determine  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$  and  $\phi_{\rm W}$ . This resolution (refer to Figure 2:1) yields, for a still atmosphere

$$\dot{\alpha} = q\cos\beta - p\sin\beta - (\dot{\gamma}\cos\gamma_W + \dot{\gamma}\cos\gamma\sin\gamma_W)$$

$$\dot{\beta} = \dot{\psi}\cos\gamma\cos\gamma_W\cos\alpha - \dot{\gamma}\sin\gamma_W\cos\alpha - r - \dot{\psi}\sin\gamma\sin\alpha$$

$$\dot{\phi}_W = p\cos\beta\cos\alpha + q\sin\beta\cos\alpha + r\sin\alpha + \dot{\psi}\sin\gamma$$
.....2:15

When the air mass is moving,  $\dot{\gamma}$  and  $\dot{\beta}$  are obtained by using  $\dot{\gamma}_R$  in place of  $\dot{\gamma}$  in the first and second of the above relations. For longitudinal plane motion (i.e.,  $\beta=\dot{\beta}=\phi_W=\dot{\phi}_W=0$ ) we have that

$$\dot{\alpha} = q - \dot{\gamma}_{r}$$
 .....2:16

since, for this case both  $\gamma$  and q are measured with respect to the fixed earth reference axes, integration can be performed to give

$$\alpha = \theta - \gamma_r \qquad \dots 2:17$$

where  $\theta$  = pitch angle, radians, so that

$$\Delta \alpha = \gamma - \gamma_r$$
 .....2:18

These latter relationships hold only for flight in a vertical plane, since under other conditions the measurement plane for  $\alpha$  and  $\theta$  is rotating in inertial space.

If the air mass through which the airplane flies is moving, the relative wind vector continuously changes for two reasons, the first involving motion of the aircraft with respect to the ground and the second motion of the air with respect to the ground. Only the compenents of  $V_{\rm R}$  (i.e.,  $V_{\rm RV}$  and  $V_{\rm RH}$ ), here assumed independent of azimuth, are measured in a non-rotating system and therefore only these components can be directly differentiated to yield acceleration components in inertial space. The vectors  $V_{\rm RV}$  and  $V_{\rm RH}$  are defined by

Revised April 7, 1965

$$V_{R_V} = V \sin \gamma - V_{W_V}$$

$$V_{R_H} = V \cos \gamma + V_{W_H}$$

Differentiating

$$\dot{V}_{R_{V}} = \dot{V}_{SINY} + \dot{\gamma}V_{COSY} - \dot{V}_{R_{V}} = \dot{h} - \dot{V}_{R_{V}}$$

$$\dot{V}_{R_{H}} = \dot{V}_{COSY} - \dot{\gamma}V_{SINY} + \dot{V}_{R_{H}} = \ddot{x} + \dot{V}_{R_{H}}$$

Projecting these components along the  $V_{\rm R}$  axis, inclined at the angle  $\gamma_{\rm R}$  to the horizontal

While normal to VR we have

where  $\dot{\gamma}_{\rm Q} V_{\rm Q}$  is a ficticious contribugal acceleration component based on the rate of change of  $\gamma_{\rm R}.$ 

This completes the presentation on dynamic and kinematic relations, and in Chapter 3, we shall consider the environmental inputs to the simulation program.

#### 3.) ENVIOUS WITH DEFINITIONS

The external operating environment for an alcohole is the enth's observable and this is described by specifying the distribution of descript, pressure, to encourse, noisture and velocities that in this the air reas observed by the circles in terms of the enthice of the specific specifics x, y and h.

For dynamic enalysis purposes, the course of convensed water where in the form of cloud purticles, rain or ion for a form ally considered, however for a picture of chains it is made until the form all y considered, however for a picture of the form and of water value of less cause then dry air latter and the continuous, the continuous of water value or because in density of forts bedue the continuous performance and may increase critical sequitions up to a finite or a finite performance. Similarly, although attended the section of the finite of a finite case. It is to be now, and then a "of mound air sections of the finite of the case, and the first continuous and a made air sections of the first all in with little column or appears then for operational or the case in a finite for legal and a made contained companies.

\* through one may use exact self-blicks for nhow and admospheric expendities as the converge with height, such use of use to be admissed for each similar, and us have adopted curve fir tweet or with the admissed property similar file of this was appeared even the Minni to, if work this tower Treas are given by the folicking relationships:

o = e <sup>−3.197</sup> h × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	····
$5 = e^{-0.347h \times 10^{-4}}$	
whire:	
$\sigma$ = density ratio = $\rho/\rho_0$	3:3
0 = prossure ratio - p/p <sub>o</sub>	
$\rho$ = cobject density, observed.	
p = ambient pressure, lbc/ft.	
p <sub>o</sub> = 0.0003739	
Po = 2116.2	
h = goometric height, ft. (	

Of similarize in studies of many in the smallest knish and the derivatives a and b. By simplifying it, a finite of the one of a be-

where the (') signifies a tile deciralist.

For study of subscale flictor (thick in our mean on three) the of the try set be of chart in this sec, because the state of this first sale that contiles of small which yields

Association conditions can be ansimple to the inverse for an energy of the conditions of the point of the po

If eacheric motion may be madely, it is to consider on an increase in a consideration of soft various types, and the consideration of the consideration, and the consideration of the consideration, and the consideration, fraction of the constraint of the constraint

Shorp coined gusts and other are all the property of the first control of such that action, are useful in analysis of the sign of the sign

The mont cosmons of single-rays is the new living controls the minimum (NT) and unsfell of the new lines of single-rays is the distribution of the interpolation of the distribution of th

particle the indicents have to a notice? I dy of high offices on I have involved only beavy, relatively them; to do more of directoff.

Thus there erems is be limite room with directors have paried a furtherence of the many statements and some interesting the first of the first and the first of the distributions on anticalled a first and the control of the control of the first and the first and the first and the first and the control of the

Exercisely speaking, air furbule to it is the procedured with verticity of the elm, and prioris furbule at its and a file procedured with vertex systems. The procedure a circulation of the procedure and the procedure of the vertice of the verticity in the electron and the electron of the vertice of the vertice of the vertice of the vertice of the procedure of the procedure of the electron of the electron of the procedure of the electron of th

Following the convention that a ' ' during comins a plus sign, for an airplane flying on a positive x hopeing. Y y fix ' is stall wind (so to vertex signs) by:

$$V_{n,1} = \frac{8\pi}{a} \left\{ \frac{\sinh(y - \frac{b}{a}) + 7}{\cosh(y - \frac{b}{a}) + 7a - 6\cos(x) + \frac{1}{\cos(y + \frac{b}{a})\cos(a - \cos(x + a/2))\cos(a)}{\cos(y + \frac{b}{a})\cos(a - \cos(x + a/2))\cos(a)} \right\}$$

while,  $V_{\rm ady}$  vertical wind due to virial charact, plus unword, is given by:

$$V_{\rm My} = \frac{k\pi}{a} \left( \frac{\sin 2\pi x/a}{\cosh (y - \frac{1}{2}) \cos a - \cos (\pi x/a)} - \frac{\sin (x - a/2) \cos a}{\cot x + \frac{1}{2}) 2\pi /a - \cos (x - a/2) \cos /a} \right)$$

where k is the strength of an individual worder of the street.

The remine system, as an entity, now a feetile might with a velocity of

The system also induces a flow of air  $\mathbb{R}^n$  , in it which has an average open at the centerline of

$$V_{a}|_{\partial V} = -\frac{k\pi}{a} \left\{ \tan(\frac{\pi h}{a}) + \frac{1}{\tanh(\frac{\pi h}{a})} \right\} \qquad ...$$

(this is the numerical average of the scalar in the modern and rinker, conferred winds encountered along the  $\kappa$  axis).

The frequency of the horizontal restitute is taken in the of the viction along a control traverse with the more than the least of the control traverse with the more than the control of t

From equation 3:12, it can be a runtiled it. That the aircraft - but in North aircraft - which influences the a distribute of the encount of

For simulation surposes, it is not to to contain the derivatives  $\frac{1}{2}$  and  $\frac{1}{2}$  and  $\frac{1}{2}$  are obtained by logarithmic still radio find of equations if  $\frac{1}{2}$  and  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the form

whore

$$\zeta_1 = (y-b/2)^2 \frac{\pi}{a}, \ \zeta_2 = (y+1/2)^2 \frac{\pi}{a}, \ \zeta_3 = (y+1/2)^2 \frac{\pi}{a}, \ \zeta_4 = (y+1/2)^2 \frac{\pi}{a}$$

In the alleve:

× = Vcosγ

 $\dot{y} = \dot{h}$  = rate of change of altitude = Vainy

where V is true speed and  $\gamma$  is true flight path attitude angle.

In the examination of specific dynamic problems one requires values of, and derivatives of, the indicated circumst, or more properly of calibrated airsected. At the flight speeds levelyed here, it is permissible to covate indicated, equivalent and calibrated airsected and symbolize the three by the term  $V_{\bf i}$ , where,

in which,

ρ and VR are defined by couptions 3:1 and 2:4 respectively.

By direct differentiation, we have

in which  $\dot{\rho}$  is given by equation 3:5 and  $\dot{V}_{\rm q}$  by equation 2:21.

It is readily possible to amplify the environmental definitions provided here to include Mach number computations, Paynolds number computations and so on to handle other types of problems, he even such emplifications are not required for this present study. This, therefore, our pickes the environmental definition set, and in the next chapter we shall consider basic aerodynamic inputs to the simulation program.

#### 4.) DAVID COTTAN INTO FACTORS

The three enthances force of the continuous the simpleme are lift, L, drag, D, and side force Y. For the limit, and L and Y act to remolected to the notative wind. With not not to the force of the process also way, lift along zoons side force of the process and a side force of the process and a side force of the process with and a, yellow matter designation by "V", notling to the process of t

At solida loss when ICD orb is in collisted to density of the Die force a can momenta are emissively functions of the color of the CVV), to device a loss of an orbital color of extensions. At high species and at higher will make the color of the color

To eliminate the need for destine direct with downing proscens is description of sensionarie fractors, the entire of the state of accomplishments of the entire of the ent

$$C_L = L/q^2S$$
 $C_D = D/6^2S$ 
 $C_Y = Y/q^2S$ 
 $C_L = \ell/q^2Sb$ 
 $C_{m} = n/q^2Sc$ 
 $C_{m} = n/q^2Sc$ 

in which

c# = dynamic pressure, law't.
S = wing area, ft.
c = mach appedynamic eters, is.

h - Ming shen, ft.

All of the coefficients are is sticked (), , , , , g and r, but the degree of described on three five or a late to the decimal ty. The coursesy of defendablish of the coefficient of the coefficient of the coefficient of the decimal transfer or ty a coefficient of both left or the matter in field to approximately the fall wind ecompaiss:

$$C_{ij}$$
,  $\pm 5\%$ 
 $C_{ij}$ ,  $\pm 10\%$ 
 $C_{ij}$ ,  $\pm 10\%$ 
 $C_{ij}$ ,  $\pm 10\%$ 
 $C_{ij}$ ,  $\pm 10\%$ 
 $C_{ij}$ ,  $\pm 10\%$ 

A constitute of the contract of the considerably improved each state, particularly of the constitute o

Our matter on the accuracy number , who conflicted may be expressed by each closs of varying completify. The view time lift is taken to be a function of white of whiteh, a, flep defication of the  $_{\rm c}$  and eiteron deflection  $\delta_{\rm c}$ . Thus,

$$C_{l_M} = \mathcal{J}(\gamma, \delta_f, \delta_g) = \text{wind lift conflictent}$$
 ........4:2

This relation ignores the effects of circulin and only partially deals with the effects of roll rate due to ...

For many studies the  $\mathbb{Q}_0$  efficients increase since data are not available to properly describe them. This remarks the factorised dependence to

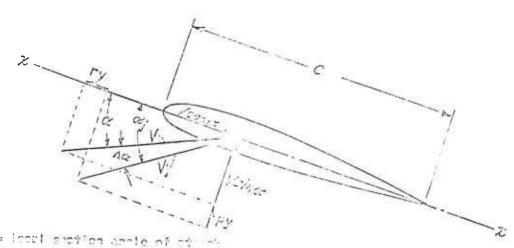
At comics of attack holes the civil months, for the conset matter of mesent 0. A. dimensity it is normally a continuous consider that the slopes of the curves of  $Q_{ij}$  vs. i and  $Q_{ij}$  vs. i are constants and that

$$c_{l} = \frac{\partial c_{l}}{\partial x} + \frac{$$

where  $\alpha$  is measured from the zero life cherd of the wing. Note the zero lift cherd of the wing cenerally differs (such the symmetric airfells) (non the nor all or perceivic cherd by a fire or in. If this angle is  $\alpha_{eQ}$  and  $\alpha_{eQ}$  is the carde of affects of the normal cherd than,

For an all modifies of flight model, which is the second as soing involving the reflect model of the state of the second and the velocity and another of the state of the second and the lift slope reverses its size. When the size of the with in the second of the effects of rolling and value values its first order than order in another of citack are analysis as:

If V is velocity of the c.m. and which is its saids of affect of the similar, then are one scation of the will also in a Gislande "y" switched from the c.c., the flow is as shown in Fig. . it.



C = local stotion and e of the ob
V = I col stotion velocity

From Figure 4:1

tand; = (Vsind + by)/(Vana + an)

while

11:5

$$ton/c = \frac{pycos + rysins}{V + cysins - rysins}$$
 .....4:3

Find the small  $\alpha_0$  values observed with  $\alpha_0$  of flight conceivers it is a flightering to let:

$$V_j = V - ry$$
 .....4:10

represent the drag of the wing is consensible by the equation,

$$c_{D_{ij}} = c_{D_{ij}} + Kc_{ij}^{2}$$
 .....4:11

Where Don is the profile drawn of Marin word Y is the group due to lift factor. Wen over, Our Bo, where u is all lift when and he is russured from sure lift.

Union the discussiones that any flow 4:3 through 4:10 apply we have that

$$C_{-1} = (\rho V^{2} / 2) \operatorname{ody}(a_{2})$$

$$c_0^2 = (0\Lambda^2_5/5) cq \lambda [c^0 + K(c^{-1})^5]$$

Taking components percendicular to air along the V vector,

Asido from the case of the first rate, the entire  $\lambda$  is small enough to commit the case matter that costs = 1 cas since = . It conforms we may say that:

$$dL = dL_j + ic_j dD_j$$

$$dD = dD_j - \Delta C_j dL_j$$

to the two of the sector of the first terms of the sector,

$$CL_{j_{r}} = \frac{a(V-ry)^{2}}{2} \operatorname{cdy}(a)(v+r)$$

$$CL_{j_{r}} = \frac{a(V-ry)^{2}}{2} \operatorname{cdy}(a)(v+r)$$

$$CL_{j_{r}} = \frac{a(V-ry)^{2}}{2} \operatorname{cdy}(a)(v-r)$$

$$CL_{j_{r}} = \frac{a(V-ry)^{2}}{2} \operatorname{cdy}(a)(v-r)$$

$$CL_{j_{r}} = \frac{a(V-ry)^{2}}{2} \operatorname{cdy}(a)(v-r)$$

where sub (r) notes right wing and mus (a) thus toff wing and whoma is a py/V.

Since rv is small compared to V with a line of the substitutes of interest, we may all and a rest r rest r rv/V and any thems involving rv/V + gr/V. Thus,

cLj<sub>r</sub> = 
$$q^*cady(c + \Delta c - \frac{2\pi r}{V})$$
  
cLj<sub>s</sub> =  $c^*cady(c - \Delta c + \frac{2\pi r}{V})$ 

end if 
$$C_D = C_{D_O} + ka^2c^2$$

$$cO_{j_{\mathbf{r}}} = e^{2} \operatorname{cry}(c_{0} - \frac{\operatorname{iry}}{2} c_{0} + \ldots )$$

$$qD^{\dagger f} = d_{\phi} cq \lambda (c^D + \frac{\Lambda}{c L_{A}} c^D - c_{A} c_{A})$$

Considering the next lift and countries of which repeat to V of the two

1:5000

or.

$$\mathbb{C}^{2} = \mathcal{C}^{2} = \left\{ \mathbb{C}^{2} + \mathcal{K} \left[ \mathbb{C}_{D} - \left( \mathbb{C}^{2} \right), \quad \mathbb{C}^{2} \right] - \mathbb{C}_{D} - \frac{\mathbb{C}^{2} Y}{Y} \mathbb{C}_{D} + \mathbb{C}^{2} \mathbb{C}^{2} \right\} \right\}$$

or rings A and ry, V are small

: nd

Thus is the first order there is we charm in  $\Omega_{\rm lw}$  due to relling and yawing valuability. For drag deforminglish,

$$\text{TED} = \text{CD}_{j_{1}} + \text{CD}_{j_{2}} - \text{Arg}_{j_{1}} - \text{Arg}_{j_{2}} - \text{Arg}_{j_{3}} + \text{Credy} \left( \text{CD}_{j_{1}} - \text{Arg}_{j_{3}} \text{Cred} - \frac{\text{Cred}}{\text{Cred}} \right) \right)$$

war has, to the first order

Polling and youing morents and initial year by the unbalance of normal and chord forces of the two wine panels. The differential serval and chord forces are given by:

where  $\alpha_{j}=0$  +  $2\alpha_{j}$  and  $\alpha$  is large acts and to  $\Delta \alpha_{j}$  . Under these discumstances,

$$\sin(\alpha + 2\alpha) = \sin\alpha + \Delta\cos\alpha + 0 + 0 + \sin\beta$$

The incremental rolling moment one to right and left hand elements at  $\pm$  y is,

$$+ (C^{D} + \frac{\Lambda}{CL\Lambda} C^{D} - C^{D} + CC^{D} +$$

or since  $\Delta x = py/V$  and  $Ka^2 c = 1.42...$ 

$$d\delta = q^{\alpha} c y d y \left( \frac{d y}{d x} \left[ - \frac{\partial d c c}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial c}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial c}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial c}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial c}{\partial x} -$$

integrating between y = 0 to  $\gamma$  = 7. Let a constant cherd wing, noting that ob = 3, and transforming to criffing r=r = .

$$Ct^{M} = \frac{SA}{bp} \left[ -\frac{O}{(a+C^{D'})\cos z} - \frac{O}{C^{C'}}(z-1)\sin z \right] + \frac{1}{CC^{C'}} \left[ \frac{1}{CC^{C'}\cos z} + \frac{O}{C^{C'}\cos z} + \frac{O}{C^{C'}\cos z} \right]$$

The first term is the molling or out the district made while the second represents the molling moment for the public .

For most purposes involving uncirilist (High), we say write that

$$\frac{\partial O_{k_W}}{\partial (\frac{P_{M}}{M})} = -0.4 \text{ to } -0.5$$

$$\frac{\partial D_{L_{M}}}{\partial \left(\frac{-L_{M}}{2}\right)} = \frac{C_{L_{M}}}{4}$$

To officia the matter of the state of the st

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{diff} = \sqrt{\left( \frac{1}{100} + \frac{1}{100} \right)^2} & \text{diff} = \sqrt{\left( \frac{1}{100} + \frac{1}{100} \right)^2} \\ & + \sqrt{\left( \frac{1}{100} + \frac{1}{100} \right)^2} & \text{diff} = \sqrt{\left( \frac{1}{100} + \frac{1}{100} \right)^2} \end{aligned}$$

sime my/7,

$$+ \frac{\pi v}{V} \left( \frac{\nabla V}{V} \left( -\frac{\nabla V}{V} \right) + \frac{\nabla V}{V} \right) = 0.557$$

Informating as before, we way, the second se

$$c_{p_{N}} = \frac{13}{20} \left[ -\frac{0}{0.000} (1 - 0.000) \right]$$

The fector Sta has a value of the second state of the fact of the

$$c_{n_W} = -\frac{c_0}{2V} \cdot \frac{c_{L_V}}{c_0} - \frac{c_{L_V}}{c_0}$$

so that

$$\frac{\partial \alpha_{i,j}}{\partial (\hat{\alpha}_{i,j})} = \frac{\alpha_{i,j}}{3}$$

$$\frac{2o_{n_0}}{3(\frac{\Gamma b}{2V})} = -\frac{9a_0}{3}$$

The derivative with respect that, if the form the set to reverse year effect, while the one in  $r^{\prime}/\ell V$  is the set of the .

We now turn to prospecialize of the confidence of the creations to confidence of the confidence of the

where

$$K = 2^{9} c_{D} / 3 c_{L}^{2}$$

and

$$C_{\rm p} = C_{\rm p_0} + {\rm other}$$
 parasite detailed.

However, this equation does not had in the routh runion and under mall conditions we have the approximate a fitting.

$$C_D = C_{D_0} + K_d^{2}$$

Since, in the unstalled region of filling, we have that without flep of C levils,  $C_L = \infty$ , it follows that,

$$K_d = Ka^2$$
 .....4:13

Near maximum speed, (i.e., of to  $G_{ij}$  ) in a) recurring 4:17 may not ensembly fit the drag data for airplanes a skylim i in  $G_{ij}$  of an action because certain of these sections do m(i) , m(i) in  $G_{ij}$  and  $G_{ij}$  for such aircraft we use an equation of  $G_{ij}$   $G_{ij}$ 

whome and may be plus or misus draws that as the value of Op for minimum draws.

More elaborate curve fit relations are no Hely developed to suit unusual character of thics of specific win in My.

The common and lift equations of account to the influenced by its c.d. less time such as illity coefficients as a live when a limit of resources being after a d. Specifically the borisms is a live when a limit of resources from the wing lift, and surface defications in a limit of a. Concrelly those effects are accounted for by using a limit of little-connected includences but not given c.g. condition which account in a wide not set influences but not for notational inertia or do size influences. The tripmed lift-drag relationship utilizes modified values of any life draw confficient Cp<sub>Q</sub> and drag due to lift fector to account for fail spirits and vehicle attitude effects.

We seek consider the quantities determining  $\Omega_{\rm m}$ , the pitching moment coefficient. Functionally,

,

For our purposes, the important finters are

', angle of attack

i, andle of attack rate

Se, clovetor deflection

of, flap deflection

V, flight speed

÷, ritch rate = q

· f, flap rate

These desendences may be serupulated and it is easily shown that (see references):

$$C_{p}(r) = C_{poc} + (C_{T}/2) \left[ \frac{1}{c} (-i_{T}) - 3.75 \frac{D_{p}}{c^{p}} \right] - C_{T} \frac{z_{p}}{c}$$

$$+ c_{T}' (x_{cg}/c) \cos x + (x_{cg}/c) \sin x - 2 \frac{D_{p}}{c^{p}} \right] - C_{T} \frac{z_{p}}{c}$$

$$+ c_{T}' (x_{cg}/c) \cos x + (x_{cg}/c) \sin x - 2 \frac{D_{p}}{c^{p}} \right] - C_{T} \frac{z_{p}}{c}$$

$$C_{p}(C_{f}) = \frac{\partial C_{p,q}}{\partial C_{f}} + \frac{\partial i_{q}}{\partial C_{f}$$

in which:

V = true airspeed, ft/see.

g = accoleration of gravity, ft/com.

γ - flight path angle, rapians

D = drag, lbs.

m = airplane gross hass, slugs

 $\Delta$  = independent in angle of ESS of the Hollinds and guets, radiums

L = lift, lbs.

T = thrust, lbs.

 $\theta$  = pitch attitude angle, radians

 $i_{\mathrm{T}}$  = incidence angle of thrust line, radions

i. = horizontal tail incidence with respect to zero lift wing exis, radians

q = angular rotation rate in bitch, radians/sec.

q\* = dynamic pressure, lbs/ft. $^2 = \frac{1}{10} v_8^2$ 

ρ = air density, slugs/ft.<sup>3</sup>

 $V_{\rm Q}$  = true relative airspeed, ft/ssc.

c = mean aerodynamic chord, ft.

S = wing area, ft.<sup>2</sup>

 $J_v = mcment of inertia in pitch, stude-ft.^2$ 

C = memont coefficient about the narrayonnic center, no dimensions

 $S_f$  = flap deflection, radians

 $C_T = T/q*S = propoller thrust coefficient$ 

 $t_{\rm p}$  = distance from propellor disc to e.g. along fuscings x exis, ft.

 $\beta$  = sidestip angle, radians

D<sub>n</sub> - propeller diameter, ft.

 $z_{\rm p}$  = moment arm of thrust axis about c.g., ft.

a = 00, /or = lift slope of wind, per radian

 $\alpha$  = angle of attack with respect to  $V_{\alpha}$  axis, radians

 $i_{\rm W}$  = incidence of zero lift axis to wind, radians

x<sub>cc</sub> = herizontal distance from e.c. to a.c., + if c.g. is aft of a.c., ft.

z = vertical distance from e.g. to a.c., + if e.g. is above a.c., ft.

 $R_a = c_+ S_+ z_+ / q^{W} S c_*$  no dimensions

 $S_{\perp}$  = total horizontal doi! onto, ft. 9

 $t_{\pm}$  = horizontal tail moment tru, it.

 $q_+ = dynamic pressure at horizontal toll, 155/ft.<sup>2</sup>$ 

 $K_{ij} = downwash distribution (etter, distribution)$ 

 $K = \frac{\partial \Omega_0}{\partial \Omega_0^2}$ , dimensionism

 ${
m K}_{
m p}$  = damping in pitch multivillar anatumitry for fusalage damping, dimensionless

 $\sigma_{\rm e} = 20 L_{+}/20_{\rm e}$ , elevator efficiely which from other, per radian

 $\delta_{\rm e}$  = elevator deflection, and is so, stop decreased

(\*) = first time derivative

The fotal airplane lift coefficient, lands Westign effects of thrust exist inclination and mail load is given by

where

$$C_{L_{+}} = a_{+} a_{+} + a_{0} \delta_{0}$$
 .....4:28

and

$$C_{+} = \alpha + i_{T} - K_{1}K \left[a(\alpha + \frac{2i_{1}}{C_{1}}) - \frac{ai_{1}}{V} (i_{1} + \frac{2i_{1}}{C_{2}})\right] + \frac{i_{+}q}{V}$$
 ....4:29

The total airplane parasite drap confricted is given by

$$c_{D_e} = c_{D_{C_O}} + \frac{\partial c_{D_e}}{\partial s_f} s_f + 2 c_{D_{C_O}} s_{C_O} + \frac{\partial c_{D_{C_O}}}{\partial s_{C_O}} s_{C_O} + \frac{\partial c_{D_{C_O}}}{\partial s_{C_O}} s_{C_O} + \frac{\partial c_{D_C_O}}{\partial s_{C_$$

where  ${\rm Op}_{\rm co}$  is the basic (eleta) value of  ${\rm Op}_{\rm co}$ ,  ${\rm AOp}_{\rm co}$  in the increment due to landing year and  ${\rm AOp}_{\rm c}/{\rm Co}_{\rm f}$  and  ${\rm AOp}_{\rm co}/{\rm Co}_{\rm f}$ 

Propeller thrust is given by

$$T = 550\eta_p SHP/V_R$$

whon

BHP is the shaft broke herospower

 $\eta_{_{D}}$  is the propulsive efficiency of the propuler

For inalysis of the other than two lettle lettle don, sowers verse by the respect from the equations for all the lettle distant and those simplifications will be distributed in the equations.

The negents about the lateral and the Ai = 1 - (v, z) axes of the airplane are of the types, direct and cross z = v + A + 1 in the of important of i = v + 1 follows:

#### A) Yawing Hornots

- Due to sidestic (dir. b); with disting)
- 2. Due to you rate (firm the days by)
- 3. Due to roll rate out hit has defication (adverse different your)
- 4. Due to rudder Collegian (seeds in a seed)
- Due to entile of this of the office (through proposition yewing moment)

#### P) Rolling Coments

- Due to sideslip (200 to 1 400 to)
- 2. Due to rate of rol! (letter in bol!)
- 3. Due to rate of yer
- 4. Due to altered difficulties (a biject moment)
- 5. Due to rudder inflation is not beentral moment)

Additionally lateral-direction in this was the figure tion for side force with the following dependence :

#### C) Side Force

- 1. Due to sidestip conte
- 2. Due to rudden d. Himblion
- Due to propeller forms life and by sideslip of the propeller disc.

Simplified equations for side force, youing and rolling moment equations are listed below:

$$C_{\gamma} = -0.00 \gamma/63$$
 (principal mort) ..........4:31

$$C_{n} = \frac{\ell_{V_{+}}}{b} \frac{S_{V_{+}}}{S} (a_{p}S_{p} + m_{V_{+}}) - \frac{m_{V_{+}}}{S} \frac{m_{V_{+}} N_{V_{+}} S_{V_{+}}}{S} + \frac{C_{n}}{S}) - \frac{C_{1}}{8} (\frac{p_{0}}{2V}) \dots 4:32$$

$$C_{s} = 0.125_{a} - 0.5 \frac{pb}{2V} + \frac{C_{l}}{4} \frac{r^{2}}{2V} - 0.93/([c_{W} + c_{l} \sin 2A)] \dots (4:33)$$

whore:

b = wing span, ft.

 $\delta_n$  = mean aileron deflection and  $\epsilon_n$  radians

T= adjusted geometric dilectral angle, radians

aw = wing lift slope, rem radian

A = wing sweep angle, radions

¿v+ = vertical tail moment arm, ft.

 $v_r = \frac{\partial C_{\lambda_{V+}}}{\partial \delta_r}$ , per radian

8 = rudder deflection, redians

av+ = vertical tail lift stone, pur radian

 $S_{V_{\pm}} = \text{total vertical tail area, ft.}^2$ 

20,/23 = side force derivative

For specific aircraft the numerical posstants in equations 4:32 and 4:33 will have to be modified, however the values listed are broadly representative of 3. A. equipment. In those equations, propeller influences are not included, however they can be added quite readily if the enalysis warrants this.

The next chapter deals with the changes in the coefficients caused by wing stall.

#### CONTINUE TO SOUTH FUNCTIONS

As an explose of the school of dials in the charter presents a specialized set of relations desired the point state of science estimate.

In a corrul soin the vertical all in a control of the control recovers is nossible through use of ruffer soint. A coin the electron in effective in that G. A. sincreft, however the first of the electron of the ending of the electron of the ending of the electron of the ending of the end of the

Parally, at stall the wind distribute on the state of section is center before a more non-tive tending to a like in all sides, because is the caste of distribute is at the caste of distribute as all assumes on the side in the law land in a stalled cities by the horizontal till like. An electric file in the state of cities the wall and of stack channed by the law in the law in the law in the cities and of stack channed by the law in the control and of stack channels of the law in the cities and of stack channels of the law in the cities and conflictent defined by:

whome

$$K_3 = KK_1a$$

For angles of attack near the chall, nither stimbly above or below the shall, we also have the approximate relevies about

מחית.

a) has a value of approximately 3.70 a m  $a_p$  a value of approximately 11.32 for a family 1 case.

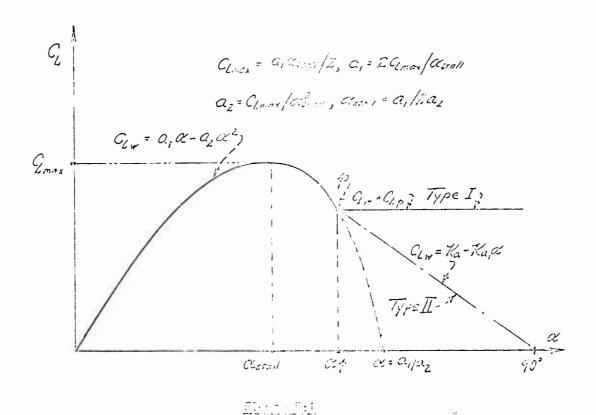
The same of the stalled lift curve which modely from airplane to airplane which rives of this curve, to the time the irretial characteristics of the incline and pilet control to this. It writes the incident tendencies if the circles once it has been a first, at their Some aircraft, (reference in the interestly income Nie of some yellowing, while same display elementaries only inclined against the induce a spin. The concuvers which may result after stall are:

- 1. shop rolls
- . named spins
- ". flat soins
- furbling
- 3. carillatory spins (large changes in angle of citack and back angle in the spin)
- . cribinad motions
- 7. inverted spins, following a shap roll.

The same roll involves high rollian volcatities at moderate flight path angle () inclinations. Normal spins occur at apples of attack in the approximate range of 3.7 to  $60^{\circ}$  at flight cash degles or from -80° to -85° while flat spins normally are at angles of autuak in cuasas of  $60^{\circ}$  and at flight path angles close to -90°.

The chillity of the airplane to centions flight at angles of attack above  $30^\circ$  der was an the fact that partial attall of the horizontal tail is involved which reduces the tail despise of anstoring to only, and very little one chantal data exists to describe exceptly what occurs in actual aircraft. It inhally the value of the product of identia term  $J_{\rm XZ}$  in the equations of retary ration has a significant influence on the type of spin which can natur, although little data exists to assign values to the term for typical G. A. aircraft since it is normally not or puted by the aircraft manufacturer. If the product of identia,  $J_{\rm XZ}$ , is positive, a neural spin is favored, while if notative a flat spin tendency crists.

To account for varying lift curve steems where the moderate stell engle mention the caustions for two results types are described below. The two types are illustrated in Figure 9:1.



For the type I curve the rolating  $c_1=c_2$  folds to some analogy after which  $Q_1$  is a constant having the  $c_2$  . For type II,  $Q_1$  depends of from  $Q_2$  of  $\alpha_p$  to 0 at (  $c_2$  sol). The even  $c_1$  is seen to yield zone  $Q_1$  or  $\alpha_1$  appears.

The value of  $\alpha_{p}$  associated with a limit with of  $\alpha_{p,q}$  is

$$r_{p} = \frac{a_{1}}{5a_{2}} + \sqrt{\frac{a_{1}^{2}}{5a_{2}^{2}} - \frac{a_{1}^{2}}{5a_{2}^{2}}} - \frac{a_{1}^{2}}{5a_{2}^{2}} - \frac{a_{1}^{2}}{5a_{2}^{2}} - \frac{a_{2}^{2}}{5a_{2}^{2}} - \frac{a_{1}^{2}}{5a_{2}^{2}} - \frac{a_{2}^{2}}{5a_{2}^{2}} - \frac{a_{2}^{2}}{5a_{2}^{2}} - \frac{a_{1}^{2}}{5a_{2}^{2}} - \frac{a_{2}^{2}}{5a_{2}^{2}} - \frac{a_{2}^{2}}{5a_$$

For an einsters with Q. with Line of illian and a of alleak of 0.365 millions for CPS) resource from a contilling = 1.35 and  $a_2$  = 11.35. If  $\alpha_1$  = 1.7 $\alpha_2$  = 0.702 malians = 11.7 $\alpha_3$  = 0.700 malians to .693.

The equation for the type II III over for eaches of attack greater than  $\alpha_p$  is

which ray be written as

Whore

For  $\Omega_{i,p} = 1.4$ ,  $K_a = 2.055$  and  $K_{01} = 1.3065$ .

The airplane drag coefficient is of the form

The naximum value of Cp is limited on that we may say that  $K_{d} < K_{1d}$ , where  $K_{1d}$  is a limiting value for a given diretana. At angles of attack greater than  $\alpha = K_{1d}/K_{d}$  we have that,

$$c_{D_0} = c_{D_{C_0}} + (\delta c_{D_0}/\delta \epsilon)/3/$$
 .....5:11

while the side force coefficient is

In the drag equation,  $\text{OD}_{0}$  has a value of about 0.02 while  $\text{K}_{d}$  varies, for a shalled airplane from 1 to 0.

For the wing,

$$CD_W = CD_O + K_G \alpha^2 \text{ or } CD_O + \frac{C_{1_C} \gamma^2}{K_G} \text{ when } \gamma > \frac{K_{1_G}}{K_G}$$
 ......5:13

The state of a stip into the end of the state of the stat

Then, for the strip element in the i and the limit of the i and i is recalled shown that, in support, the side of the i and i and

$$\frac{d2}{V} = \Lambda(\text{cL}_{1g} + \text{cL}_{1g}) + \Omega(\text{cL}_{1g} + \text{cL}_{1g}) + \Omega(\text$$

For the portion of the lift ourse tilled to

$$\Omega_{L_{M}} = a_{1} \alpha - a_{2} x^{2}$$

and with

Wo Fave

$$\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{e^{y_{1}^{2}}}{2} e^{y_{1}} (e^{y_{1}} (e^{y_{1}} - e^{y_{1}}))$$

$$\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{e^{y_{1}^{2}}}{2} e^{y_{1}} (e^{y_{1}} (e^{y_{1}} + e^{y_{1}}))$$

Where

$$V_{j} = V - ry$$

$$C_{j} = C + \frac{rv}{V} = \alpha + \Delta x$$

tas,

$$v_{j}^{2} = v^{2} - cVry + r^{2}y^{2}$$

For a sheed of 100 fns if r = 0 reminerate. If a year of 10 ff.,  $r^2v^2 = 400$  cup and to  $V^2 = 10,400$  and 0Vnv = v = 2 so if it this form  $r^2v^2$  can be ignored for a mornal spin which has year if a cultur product than a radian per second, hence

Thus for the region of flight sensioner,

$$dL_{j} = q^{ij} c dy (1 - \frac{2ry}{V}) (C_{L} + a_{j} \Delta c - 2r_{j} \Delta c + a_{j} \Delta c^{2})$$

$$d\theta_{j} = q^* cdy (1 - \frac{2ry}{V}) (\theta_{D} + 2K_{d} \Delta r + K_{d} \Delta^2)$$

and,

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{dLj}_{\xi} + \text{dLj}_{\Gamma} = q^* \text{cdy} \left[ 2 C_{\xi} - 2 C_{\xi} \Delta^{2} + \frac{2 C_{\xi}}{V} \left( 4 C_{\xi} \Delta^{2} \Delta^{2} - 2 C_{\xi} \Delta^{2} \right) \right] \\ & \text{dLj}_{\xi} + \text{dLj}_{\Gamma} = q^* \text{cdy} \left[ 4 C_{\xi} \Delta^{2} \Delta^{2} - 2 C_{\xi} \Delta^{2} + \frac{2 C_{\xi} V}{V} \left( 4 C_{\xi} \Delta^{2} \Delta^{2} \right) \right] \\ & \text{dDj}_{\xi} + \text{dDj}_{\Gamma} = q^* \text{cdy} \left[ 2 C_{\xi} + 2 C_{\xi} \Delta^{2} + \frac{2 C_{\xi} V}{V} \left( 4 C_{\xi} \Delta^{2} \Delta^{2} \right) \right] \\ & \text{dDj}_{\xi} - \text{dDj}_{\Gamma} = q^* \text{cdy} \left[ -2 C_{\xi} \Delta^{2} + \frac{2 C_{\xi} V}{V} \left( 2 C_{\xi} \Delta^{2} \Delta^{2} \right) \right]. \end{aligned}$$

Using 5:18 and 5:19 and integrating from y = 0 to y = b/2 for an untagered wing,

$$\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{6} \right) \left( \frac{1}{2} a_{p} - a_{1} - \frac{1}{2} a_{p} a_{1} + \frac{1}{2} a_{p} a_{2} a_{1} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{3} \right) \left( \frac{1}{2} a_{p} a_{2} - a_{1} - \frac{1}{2} a_{p} a_{2} a_{2} a_{2} a_{2} a_{1} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{3} a_{p} a_{2} a_{2} a_{2} + \frac{1}{2} a_{2} a_{$$

In which the constants 1/3, 1/3, 1/3 and 1/30 and all be redeped for a functor wing.

For the type I lift curves, we have Intend a of notice above  $r_0$ , that  $C_{\rm Ly}$  and  $C_{\rm hy}$  are obtained by sattle of the type II curves, we have also a

$$\operatorname{ch}_{\operatorname{Jr}} = \operatorname{affecty} (1 - \operatorname{Cry/V}) \left\{ Y_{i_1} + X_{i_2}, (1 + A_{i_2}) \right\}$$

whomas,

$$d_{ij} + d_{ij} = (20_{ij} + \frac{d_{ry}}{2})_{i+1} + 10_{ij}$$

$$d_{ij} + d_{ij} = (\frac{d_{ry}}{2})_{ij} + 10_{ij} + 10_{ij}$$

and the rolling and yawing and it for to his a right and left elements are:

where  $f(C_D)$  and  $f_1(C_D)$  are the above terms encylously examined.

Due to the lift vector alone, we then not:

$$O_{N_{K}} = \left(\frac{55}{2V}\right) \left[ \frac{O_{L_{N}} simx + K_{P_{1}} sinx}{6} \right] + \frac{1}{12} \left[ \frac{O_{L_{N}} cosx}{3} \right] + \left(\frac{55}{2V}\right)^{2} \left(\frac{rb}{2V}\right) \frac{1}{5} K_{B_{1}} sinx$$

$$O_{N_{K}} = \left(\frac{55}{2V}\right) \left[ \frac{K_{B_{1}} sinx - O_{L_{N}} cosx}{6} \right] + \frac{1}{12} \left[ \frac{O_{L_{N}} cosx}{3} \right] + \left(\frac{55}{2V}\right)^{2} \left(\frac{rb}{2V}\right) \frac{1}{5} K_{B_{1}} cosx$$

and the complete equations are

$$\Im z_{w} = \frac{ph}{2V} \left(\frac{1}{6}\right) \left[ (K_{21} - S_{0w})cn + (S_{0w} - S_{0w})sinx \right] + \frac{ph}{2V} \left(\frac{1}{6}\right) \left[ C_{1w}ccsx + S_{0w}sinx \right] + \left(\frac{ph}{2V}\right) \left(\frac{1}{16}\right) K_{0}ccsx + \left(\frac{ph}{2V}\right) \left(\frac{ph}{2V}\right) \left(\frac{1}{16}\right) K_{0}ccsx + \left(\frac{ph}{2V}\right) \left(\frac{ph}$$

his previously noted the numerical constants and be reduced if a tapered wing is considered.

These relations are obtained from 5:01 and 5:02 by setting  $a_2=0$  and  $a_{20}=a_1=Ka_1$ .

Directed effect in a normal sais, for a fully stalled wing is reversed by the stall. Thus, due to sidestic normal sais of the angle of attack we have that because of directal,  $f\alpha = 60$  in radious, ( $\Gamma' =$  directal angle, and and

Since  $\Delta x$  is small, drag changes can be innered and for exposing elements of  $\underline{+}\ y$ 

$$d\mathcal{E}_{j} = -y_{0}^{*} \operatorname{cdy}\left(a_{j}(c_{j} + c_{j}) + a_{j}(c_{j} + c_{j})\right)$$
$$= -y_{0}^{*} \operatorname{cdy}\left(2a_{j}(c_{j} + c_{j})\right)$$

Considering a constant charactery is y = 0 into a distribution y = 0 to y = 0/2,

0-,

The sign of  $\partial O_{2}/\partial B$  is seen to remarks  $(A_{2},B)$ 

For the type I lift curve, the time  $\{0_j\}^2$  is stop, while for the type II curve

$$d\mathcal{E}_{\parallel} = - \left\{ yq^{*}cdy \left[ K_{a} - K_{a} \left( C^{*} \right) \right] - C_{a} + \mathcal{E}_{a} \left( C^{*} \right) \right\} = - \left\{ yq^{*}ccy \left[ -\mathcal{E}_{a} \left( C^{*} \right) \right] \right\}$$

and

When the angle of attack expects the  $\ell$  . On , commons its limiting value of the + (Ki  $_{\rm d}$ )  $^{2}$  Kg and the terms involved a , in SiGi, 5:20, 5:33 and 5:24 are significant.

The scholate paredynamic rolling to the military count equations are, then

$$C_{\mathbf{n}} = \frac{\epsilon_{\mathbf{v}_{4}}}{6} \frac{S_{\mathbf{v}_{4}}}{S} \left( \sigma_{\mathbf{n}} \mathcal{E}_{\mathbf{r}} + 3\sigma_{\mathbf{v}_{4}} \right) + C_{\sigma_{\mathbf{v}_{4}}} - \frac{1}{2} \right) \frac{11}{5} \frac{17v_{4} \delta_{\mathbf{v}_{4}}^{2} S_{\mathbf{v}_{4}}}{5} \cdots ....5:28$$

where Kig is a frater introduced to in war for increased denoting in yew due to functions and vention! tall that we are as including the yowing margads.

The complete equations for notary motion are:

$$I_{x}\dot{p} = J_{xz}(\dot{r} + pq) - (I_{z} - I_{y})qr + \ell$$

$$I_{y}\dot{q} = J_{xz}(r^{2} - p^{2}) + (I_{z} - I_{x})pr + m$$

$$I_{z}\dot{r} = J_{xz}(\dot{p} - qr) - (I_{y} - I_{y})pq + n$$

the first and last equations must be solved simultaneously for  $\dot{\mathbf{r}}$ , whence

$$\dot{r} = \frac{qr(\frac{1_z-1_y}{1_x}+1) - pq(\frac{J_{xz}}{1_x} - \frac{I_x-1_x}{J_{xz}}) - \frac{q^zC_zSb}{i_x} - \frac{q^zC_nSb}{J_{xz}}}{(\frac{J_{xz}}{1_x} - \frac{J_z}{J_{xz}})} \dots 5:30$$

$$\dot{p} = \frac{J_{\times Z}}{I_{\times}} (\dot{r} + pq) - (\frac{I_{Z} - I_{Y}}{I_{\times}}) qr + \frac{a^{*}C_{\lambda}Sb}{I_{\times}}$$
 ......5:31

$$\dot{q} = \frac{J_{XZ}}{I_{y}} (r^{2} - p^{2}) + (\frac{I_{z} - I_{x}}{I_{y}}) p^{2} + \frac{q^{4}C_{y}c^{3}}{I_{y}}$$
 ......5:32

If the spin is "power off"

$$\dot{\gamma} = (g/V) \left[ (C_{\parallel} \cos \gamma_{\parallel} - C_{\parallel} \sin \gamma_{\parallel}) / C_{\parallel} - \cos \gamma \right]$$
 ......5:34

$$\dot{\gamma} = (g/VC_{L_{Q}}\cos\gamma)(C_{Q}\sin\phi_{W} + C_{Q}\cos\phi_{W})$$
 .....5:38

The rotary kinematic equations are:

Pavised April 7, 1965

;

 $\dot{\varphi}_{\rm W}$  = prosicos, + qsinlaga + rsin + \sin \.

The topic of programing equations such as there for solution on a disject or suffer, as well as the procedures indicable to more nowing and consummations are considered in the considered. Constant Typeville, as an illustrative exemple, the program that an Typis required to almost as spin equations in a form directly use the only digital colours.

## Commence in the control of the contr

In the continuous decises and device of the confirmation of the confirmation of the confirmation of a principal decision of the continuous decisions of the confirmation of computing effect, the continuous decisions and the continuous decisions of the continuous decisions decisions

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Danis of digital computers have at 11th does not over the years so that at this till and and obtain a newbork risks to district which consider an a nortal cost of it will to 3010.00 a month (including a nortal costs, since they are less than the chart a bring of a typical costs, at a party as patents well within the as an afternation of the control of the control

The same, small, high speed of referring the introst crompany are percently bin by logic suchings - that in 2 control pains the number base (resix) 2 of both than the familiar base to be as . In a interpret they are cluster to the import, binh speed space and . The cold is nonsitive to accommand in the system, such a crossing many the cluster a committee costs since it regulates, if the terms, into a refer to the interpret or to go with the cold. There are other as in the interpret of the programs are the surface in the Telephone the Telephone control in the Telephone control in the Telephone control in the Telephone control is the majority and the following the same proposed in a control of the Telephone control is the majority the computer as part where colouting process.

Use of such a times of commings: If the control of the control of such a times of the control of such and such at the control of the control

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In shift of its drawh str, it is a first to the constant and the special straightful to the special st

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This is read to 0.37714 if x t ( ) in ) . Att t x t t . The Here H + 1/1.41 is anneased \$60000 (cl) (cf) in it in this was into a precise which with a second some confined digitation in the confined for each of a least digitation in the confined second s

In the SLOW TOP system is in a second of the second systems of the systems of the

The procession words and differential the control of the process of the first control of the con

Thus if is middent to consider the modern to the form with the Rep A  $\times$  C or A  $\times$  C o

In the DICTATE region for the DICTAL, which is the world to indicate the uniformities. The region is a region for any one:

- 1 add
- 2 substrest
- 3 relations
- 4 divide
- 5 notified multiply (so the result is multiplied by rimus !)
- 6 heve (this moves data for the indices to enother).
- table look up (which course to strain record and picks up the two words clocked to an input of the first to function parmits the computer to upo table of the of the instance in stable).

As an note of an origin wis intended to lead is an follows: support we wanted to said the 500.0 and that the simple of a 1 was in address 450 while the alone to a in 500. If we want to a complete the integers (30 (for future use) and the first give an isotruction. If I is 100 into address 450 and the said into 500 (this is just 110, a facility of to on a tabular form) and then all the instruction.

#### 1 450 502 600

In some convenient address (it is in the style; add column 450 to column 592 and put the moself in column 600 as at incomption in a tobular form). If we put the instruction in address 400, we would then, from the console, or by internal account that the computer to the style the result, we would add a command to aniat what was in location of the counter would type out the result. If their particles we way as a deck calculater (which is not very comparint, this was ession since the computer values of the decir is alimit), the result is sometimes used when one has to coincat a source most, or the a natural last or some similar function which content be obtained accurately or man an alimitate.

Over the triponometric functions, for an immediate functions and source roots absent from until in calculations. BLCTTL is a a special set of instructions to a aform departions of this in a. This cut of instructions is referred to an the transcondent Liset, and the coline restions are "two eddress" since this reflects the way we normally band's transcondent functions. The command for since is CVI, assine CCGO of a. In some a court the since of a number (in radions) in location 300 and wented the regard in 100. The instruction appears as

#### 0091331996

DIGITION has many other instructions which any be used, and which provide for simply programing of decision. We also by the computer, choice of computational and a prodling of matrix algebra, and a same of other functions.

Instruction of comments confined a second state of the confined confined as a second s

Use of DISTATOR Cook not a unitable to the of the amounter in an interior conflictuions, however some approximate the conflictuous for the solution of the first confliction of the first conflictions.

The complete Nict of DICTITAL OF Exercise as for the District eyester is as delines:

## Total s blome a H with start

#### 1. Clear Hampry

- a. Sot parity switch to stop.
- b. Sot 1/0 stitch to step.
- c. Set O flow switch to program.
- d. Sat program switches 1, 2, 3 and 4 to off.
- o. Depress "reser".
- f. Dopress "incort".
- g. Type 16 00010 00000.
- h. Dopress "relocate".
- i. Dopress "start".
- j. After the "I" light of the firm thousands position of the M.A.R. fleshes at least vilce, Supress "instent stop/sco".

If a check step is encountered, sat purity and 1/0 switches to program; re-emboute steps  $1-\delta$  to 1-J, then numerically to 10 J. If no check step encountered, preceded to read tap:

#### 2. Road Tape

- leaves that the obtain/self switch is in real position (to the right).
- b. Thread tape (non-junched side of tope to bottom of food real and inside of realer).
- c. Push "rool power" on resder.
- d. Depress "reset" on conneis.
- o. Depross "insert".
- f. Typo 36 00000 00300.
- g. Dopress "release".
- h. Dopross "start".

If Preader no food! light comes on, check threading of topo in reader.

i. After ter has been read in, run topo through reader by depressing them proc. 8.0.4 on reader (it is not necessary

to loid this test of the control of

To induspression to recommend to a complete place of one of the

Fig. (i) If T is the constant T is the constant T is the constant T in the constant T in the constant T

- 1. 7 -- 4
- e. interp
- 3. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 2
- 37.57

Note that the set tay inclosed on the set of the set of

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0 fig. 1 C/O = incheroving fraction of the 16 likelymatric fraging  $g_{\mu}$  (i.e.  $g_{\mu}$ ) is  $g_{\mu}$  (i.e.  $g_{\mu}$ ).

TO 1. If the test at a city of the first of the action of instruction.

### 1000

The contraction is in the different to the street of the s

# 

# Kr ....

9 € 0 cc0 cc0	Stim	Ru-intropped the lest instruction.
0 001 <b>000 000</b>	Inforp. Transfer	Trianing to the instruction at location 600 and Ligin executing interpretively.
ტ (13 600 <b>0∞</b> )	Road Typouritor	E it face the typowriter into locations COO, COO ÷ 1, COO ÷ 2 ofc., until a milyt on terminate input code or covien of 4-button sequence.
9 (05 000 000	Rood Tape Roader	For I from the tope reader. The tope rash contain a start fill code of the beginning and a terminate input code of the cade.
5 CO 1 LOD CCC	Print Typowritor	Shint on the typicalter the contents of let liens ETB through CCC where ETB $\leq$ CCC.
s cha sha <b>cao</b>	Punch Tape	Funch the contents of locations ECB through CCO on paper tape. I T < CCO. This commend suferiorleally general to a church fill code and a terminate input code on the paper tape.
	\$F79111_601	
0.000 C10 000	Start Fill Code on Papar Taga	This code is generally not used by the preparation in. It is cuterationly go refer by the punch command.
0 010 010 000	Terminato Input	Call to the interpretor to terminate input and ambit a new keyboard course.

#### 1 + + ----

Zoli - Malache		
1 MA 573 COC	Add	The contain of location SIT reported to the contact of location SIT reported to the contact of t
0 77A DIB 000	Subtract	in a six of leading 110 or settle in the control of inclination of inclination of inclination of inclination of in 100 only (New York to the control of the
3 NIN 513 C00	Multiply	The conditions of describe AM seconds  if the byoth condition of the simp  if the byoth conditions in the Mon  if the an account for.
4 164 515 600	Divida	The case will of location All the distinct maintains of location in . The case is a secret in location CCD and the case in the case in .
5 AMA 1779 CCC	Neg. Thirtiply	The continuous of technica TW or continuous to the continuous of technica in
3 N.N. E13 CCC	Hovo	The control of the co
7 AM 273 CCC	T.L.U.	The late extends a table of and in location with the County of in location ACA. If an a few modern to the county of the late to the is found above to the county, the county is fair that of the county, the county is fair that of the county of the values in Madely considers the argument value are placed to a since COI and COI (Who so literated to the county of the c

1: 13: 6:00		
o coo <b>ooo coc</b>	Hait and transfer	The program halts. Upon receipt of a start signal, the program transfers to location CCC.
0 001 000 CCC	Halt and transfer on switch I	If switch one is set to "en" instruction is the same as halt and transfer. If switch one is set to "off", the program transfers to location CCC without helting.
0 002 000 000	Halt and transfer on switch 2	Summ as above but involving switch 2.
0 003 000 000	Halt and transfer on switch 3	Same as above but involving switch 3.
0 004 000 000	Halt end trensfor on switch 4	Same as above but involving switch 4.
0 CJ5 COO CCC	Halt and transfer on zoro	If the accumulator contains zero, instruction is the sema as halt and transfer. If accumulator contains others than zero, the program transfers to CCC without halting.
a cas esp oru	Halt and transfer on negative	If the accumulator contains a negative number, instruction is the same as half and transfer. If accumulator contains a positive number, the program transfers to CCC without halting.
200 EE2 762 6	Halt and transfer on exponent	If the numerical value expressed by E3 (CD does not refer to a memory location in this instruction), is equal to or larger than the two digit exponent of the number in the accumulator, instruction is the same as half and transfer. Otherwise, the program transfers to CCC without halfing.
0 000 000 000	Halt and transfer out	The program halts. Upon receipt of a start the interpreter is set to receive a keybaard command.
0 000 <b>000 00</b> 0	No Op	No operation is performed and the progrem proceeds sequentially.

1 1

1	-	-	~	-	1	, <b>,</b> ,	3	-	CHI	`
										-

0 010 000 000	Unconditional transfer	Transfer to location CCC.
0 011 803 000	Transfer on switch I	If switch one is on, transfer to location CCC. If switch one is off, transfer to location (LC).
0 015 625 CCC	Transfer on switch 2	If switch two is on, transfer to location CCC. If switch two is off, transfer to lection $\mathbb{R},\mathbb{C}$
0.00 808 810 0	Transfer on switch 3	If solitch warm is on, transfer to location CCC. If a litch three is off, transfer to less than SLB.
0 014 503 000	Transfor on switch 4	If sylitch four is on, transfer to location COS. If sylitch four is off, transfer to resultion COS.
p ols end coc	Transfer on zero	If the essentiator contains zero, transfer to leading CCS. If the asserting contains with vary zero, transfer to leading L.J.
0.016.670.000	Transfer on sign	If the number in the accessinger to a live, transfer to lecution CCC. If the number is positive, and the lecution ELB.
9 9:7 C:3 CCC	Transfer on exponent	If the contribut value expressed by E2 (T) do not notice to a many location in this is received, is equal to or gration than the free digit a granula in the received taken, to restrict to location CCC. Otherwise present is granulary.
A 010 000 000	Transfer out	To such a of the stand program is demainsted to the interpretor societs a keyteend so it.
9 019 <b>073 000</b>	Transfer and set CCC	The energy of themseens to location CCC and the CCC offeres of the instruction stored thank is all equal to ECS telero it is an out of.

	Laurt/Outrut Group		•
0	CCC ECC3 CCC	Write typearitor, full length	The contents of location BS3 through CCC inclusive are printed via the typowriter.
0	021 EC3 CCC	Write typewriter, loss   digit	Some as above but the last digit of the manticae is not printed.
0	022 E33 CCC	Write typesmiter, less 2 digits	Same as above but the last two digits of the mantissa are not printed.
0	023 623 CCC	Write typewriter, less 3 digits	Some as above but the last three digits of the mentisse are not printed.
O	094 E33 CCC	Write typewriter, less 4 digits	Same as above but the last four digits of the mantissa are not printed.
0	023 000 000	Read tape	Find from the paper tape reader. The tape must contain a start fill code and a terminate input code.
0	CDS EDB CCC	Punch tapa	The contents of locations E33 through CCC inclusive are punched on paper tape. The start fill code and terminate injut code are automatically generated by this instruction.
0	027 000 CCC	Read typewriter	Read from the typewriter into locations CCC, CCC+1, CCC+2, atc. This instruction is terminated by receipt of a terminate input code. Each word entered from the typewriter must be followed by depression of the release and start buttons.
0	020 000 000	C.R.	Execute a cerriege return on the typowriter.
0	CD9 CCO OOO	Tab	Execute a tab on the typewriter.

r...) =

## Instruction Profiferation Comm

© 000 003 000 0	Set O	The Optimization of the iretruction of the distribution T 3 is replaced by the digit C.
0 031 000 000	Independ ANA	The III. offeres of the instruction of its little in I is incremented by the control CDD.
0 000 213 000	Increment ETT	The first of the instruction of the instruction of the minutes of the increased by the mast C.O.
0 053 573 000	Increasent CCC	The GRO Chivens of the instruction of the first land to the contract by the count GRO.
0 62: 533 600	Coordwint ACA	The A.C. There's of the instruction of instruction of its from a strike by the summer of the C.U.
0 077 6.3 000	Decrevent 0.3	The figure of the incompation of the limit of the Coordinate. By the larger CDD.
0.001.1.0.000	Docrement CC3	(i) Of Continents of the instruction of Continents of the Continents by the Continents.
6 014 9 000	Sot AMA	1. Ill solution of the interpolity of the last operate of the normal
7 m = 5 3 COS	Set ETB	The last of the instruction of the last of the anticipal to the result of the second second second
3 000 t 3 000	Sot CCC	The line of the letteration of the feet of

Indak Rapister Group		
0 044 000 000	Increment index registor A	Index register A (0 $\leq$ A $\leq$ 9) is incremented by the amount CCC.
0 05A 000 CCC	Decrement index register A	Index register A (0 $\leq$ A $\leq$ 9) is decremented by the amount CCC.
O CEA COO CCC	Set index registor A	Index register A (0 $\leq$ A $\leq$ 9) is set equal to the number CCC.
0 07A EEB CCC	Branch on equal index register	Branch to location CCC if index register A $(0 \le A \le 9)$ is equal to ELD. Otherwise proceed sequentially.
O COA EEB CCC	Branch on low index register	Branch to location CCC if E23 is greater than index register A (0 $\leq$ A $\leq$ 9). Otherwise proceed sequentially.
Transcondental Group		
0.000 000		
0 090 ETB <b>CCC</b>	Sq. Rt.	The square r∞t of the contents of location E38 is stored in location CCC and the accumulator.
0 031 EDB CCC	Sq. Rt. Sine	location E38 is stored in location
		Iccation EBB is stored in location CCC and the accumulator.  The sine of the contents of location ETB is stored in location CCC and the
0 021 ETB <b>CCC</b>	Sine	Iccation E38 is stored in location CCC and the accumulator.  The sine of the contents of location E13 is stored in location CCC and the accumulator.  The cosine of the contents of location E23 is stored in location CCC and the
0 021 ETB CCC	Sine	The sine of the contents of location ECC and the accumulator.  The sine of the contents of location ECC and the accumulator.  The cosine of the contents of location ECC is stored in location CCC and the accumulator.  The arctangent of the contents of location ECC is stored in location CCC and the accumulator.

. . . .

0 000 803 000	Absolute	The absolute value of the contents of incultion CCC and the accommissor.
0 697 503 666	Roverse storage	The contents of locations SID and CCC are interesting it. At the or planten of the interesting the accumulation is ser equal to the restrict in location CCC.
0 098 823 000	Lerger algebraic value	The contents of locations 210 and 690 are and a decide measure having the soften algorithm to swing the location 10. The rest measure the largest algorithm water to stand in location 600 and the computation.
0 099 813 CCC	Larger absolute value	The contents of locations STB and CTD are do noted. The number having the or lifer chestate value is stened in location if a factor brains the first larger choosest when is even a in location CCD and the transplant. In a factor of the location do a just be built the qualitation (i.e., the signs of the number applications).

This is the total list of instructions of CCCCACC Howill reception. If an acta of is made to interpret a dual condition is included on a community of algebraich will be generated. Memover, if the dual condition is a commiguration of algebraich identically resultions an instruction, the instruction are no recomms offer than to interpret it as an instruction. This is a quality if can be used to an electrication in that data and instructions may be seen in a conditionably should such the national arise.

## DICTITES II

## EC. 32 Co. 12

EFFEC COSES are defined by the printing of a single digit (i through 9) proced 3 by a 3 digit number. The single digit identifies the type of arror and the 3 digit number is the subrey starce of the instruction causing the error. This 3 digit address only has significance if the error ecoursed during interpretation of a startd program. If the error occurred during leading of matery or while executing keybeard commands, the 3 digit address has no significance.

Arron Code	Curing Locating on Interpretating	Parisa Interpretation of Standa Second
1.	Aftempting to enter an illegal configuration of digits.	Attempting to interpret an illegal configuration of digits as an instruction.
2.	Attempting to load bayand mamory location 909.	Attempting to interpret instructions from beyond leantion 909; attempting to navo to or from beyond leastion 909; attrapting to arrich a table beyond leastion 900; or attempting to increment an address beyond 900 or decrement an address beyond 900 or decrement an address balow 600.
3.	No start fill code at biginning of tape	Attempting to generate an expenent largar than 99 or smaller that CO.
۵.		Afterpting to increment en index register beyond 999 or attempting to index en address beyond 999.
5.		Argument for legarithm equal to zero or negative.
6.		Afficipting to take the square root of a nagoriya number.
7.		Argument for sine or cosino equal to or greater than 100 radians (expansations > 52).
٤.		Afterpting to divide by zero or an unfleeted number.
9.		Argument for expenditial equal to or prestor than 100.

The typical sequence of operation of the typical admittal restrant, using the D1074703 leader, is a confidence by containing the problem familiar to restrant at the chall therefore consident as it do problem familiar to restrant the leadingure, that of the relationship, the containing a writer consider required curve for a given limit of the first problem, the containing a plittede of flight, the speed range of it or at a strong limit the lift deep finite value need to be first extermined as to do large 4.5. If the lift deep date are in the form of curves, there date in the limit of the type  $0_0 = \Omega_{\rm D} + KC_{\rm L}^2$  applies,  $\Omega_{\rm D}$  and K are input do in

If curves at many altitude the distinct, it a non-order may be programed to sufered ticelly compute air dessity that for all of input height.

The purposes of our illustrative to make ill we showed by considering the case where  $\Omega_0 = \Omega_{00} + k\Omega_0^2$  and where notice of early maken sign, and so there is conditions is desired. We have a the track rise of the proof the proof beam usuablished for us (this minimum which is desired by a valenthmy claim; in the case of the drug formal.) See various of the map follows:

gross weight, 9, 2000 lbs.

in Inside drag coefficient, 199, 0.00

dann due to lift frater, k, 4.05

gir donsity, o, 0.0020 % wish  $/ \, m \, s^2$ 

Q. ...... 1.5

wing orea, S, 170 ft.

makinum chand, 250 mmh.

The formulae which entry to the orall the market of middle ones (derived in cost basis amongs also texts) limits.

THE rog. = 5000/5000

To promore the enabler, we are a discussed to the same fashion as if we were their south a debuter chart. The first order as do in to sufficiently block some countries in which so strength is a discussed to the same programming convenience in the strength of a discussion of the same programming convenience in the strength of the same countries.

so that if the output of an instruction is only needed for use by the next instruction it does not have to be stored in a permanent address). Location CCO is called an "accumulator". We applied revery assigning addresses for data at 100. Thus, we make the following revery assignments:

Address	Quantity	Floated Number
100	gross weight, W	54 2500 0000
101	wing area, S	53 1700 0000
105	$c_{0e}$	49 2000 0000
103	К	49 5000 0000
104	$c^{L^{\mathrm{max}}}$	51 1500 0000
105	air density, p	49 2376 9000
106	V <sub>max</sub> (mph)	53 2500 0000
107	1.457 (conversion feater mah to fps)	51 1467 0000
108	the constant 2	51 2000 0000
109	the constant SEC	53 5500 C000
110	decrement factor for $C_{L}$ (= 0.05)	49 5000 0000

Having propared this table, we could if we wanted, immediately store it in the computer, or we could wait until the rest of the program were written. In either case, it would be stored (referring to the DICT/TCP instrument list) in the following fashion:

- 1. Push the 4 console buffens "reset", "insert", "release" and "start" in sequence.
- 2. Type 9 CO2 000 ICG
- 3. Dopress release-start key (RS).
- 4. Type the first data word, 54 2500 0000
- 5. Depress release-start key
- 6. Type the next data word, 53 1700 0000
- 7. Depress release-start key
- 8. Continue until all data words have been typed into the computer.

If a mistake is mide in an isom of distriction of 10 anno duro the computer will number tically type on arrow mist in a figure in the four button, secured. Connections are made by simply as such as the "four button" accused a typing in 2 COS COO XXX RS where XXX is the leading of the word to be corrected, followed by the connection. RS stands for "in relate material key. Inputing case is seen to besidely involve the simple process of saming if in.

We now must write the program. Since the matrixies CN/oS and W/SEO are going to have constant values, there writes a a new to sufer and stored for later use. The performance of preliminary finds such as this is referred to as "initialization", and the block of a mention is married to do this is commonly referred to a larger the block. Follows initially in the we consume V and  $C_0$  for  $C_{\rm LS,M}$  and then TM, convert V for the order of the a print out of V and TMF followed by a MCM instruction which is in the formation of provide a location for calling for additional output IM foliable with a later on. A first to such if V and a been exceeded is noted to the order. If V, which not been exceeded,  $C_0$  is deprecabled by 0.05 and the order of a notice will the test show that V exceeds 200 mph. When this content, its matrix of Us for the consenter to stop and must a commond from the constant, its matrix of ascertish this affect foliats and is orbitrarily larger like the order of the short was no even upping of prior input)

Address	Opensation	1	1000	211/	1.1
<b>~3</b> 0	23		102	100	0,0
251	(actic was of speaklater) AMAp	4	các	105	000
50.5	74/e3	4	cco	101	11.0
	the constant (), it is the closed in address to the letter when with a remained to blood the letter in the could be maintained in the letter management were being said on.				
103	load Vist from 100 for January uso	Å	100	109	121
00:	rove Opport	.,	<b>C</b> 00	103	132
005	compute 1 A-13-	4	120	133	000
<b>~</b> 56	compute V(fra) = /53	O	000	CCD	123
. 37	V(mph) = V((r 0)/1. (), ofone in 184	4	000	107	124
CCC	ς <sub>L</sub> <sup>2</sup>	3	102	130	000
000	CD1 = 17 £ .	3	CCO	107	CCO
210	$c_D = c_{D_0} + c_{D_1}$	1	000	100	000

511	c <sup>D</sup> \u0'	4 000 122 000
515	vc <sub>ე</sub> /cլ	3 000 123 000
213	THPreq. = $WVC_D/C_L$ 550, store in 125	3 000 121 125
214	output V(mph) and THDreq. to 4 places of accuracy	0 024 124 125
215	NOOP	0 009 000 000
216	test for maximum speed	2 106 124 000
217	transfer on sign, if + continue if - stop	0 016 218 220
218	decrement C <sub>L</sub> by 0.05	2 122 110 122
513	transfer back to 205 to cycle program	0 010 000 205
220	end of program, hilt and wait for operator commund	0 003 000 000

This completes the program, and as can be seen, the actual programming procedure and time of preparation is about the same as required to design a tabular form for hand computations.

The program is placed in the machine by the same procedure as used to input data, excepting that the keyboard command is 9 00° 000 200 to start the entry at location 200.

Individual data items such as the weight, wing area, drag parameters, lift coefficient increment can all be charged by simply filling new data into the proper locations. The input correct automatically crases old data in a given location to avoid everlap.

Operation of the program is initiated by pushing the console buttons (in sequence) reset, insert, release and start and then typing 9 001 000 200 RS which causes the computer to start execution the program.

An actual trace of the program is remoduced as Figure 6:1 and Figure 6:2 is a reproduction of the actual cutput. The to complete computation and print out the power required data was I minute 35 seconds on an ISM 1620 model 1 computer with typewriter output. Frequencing involves under 20 minutes of engineering effort, so that the direct cost of obtaining the power required curve is only a few dollars.

The example here, while simple in nature right well occupy a days time to compute by non-electronic procedures. Moreover, once the program is available it can be applied to any airplane configuration and need not be rewritten in the future.

1,00 <b>1</b> ,100 <b>2</b> ,100 <b>2</b> ,50		
	2102100000	5430 (100 11) 5731 (200 11) 57
	3100100000	2221
251	A000155050	5721.711 (1)
2.02	1.000101120	101907/ 11
0.00	1.17/11/11/11	m a 1 m 1 m 1 m 1 m 1 m 1 m 1 m 1 m 1 m
4.15	4 11 11 12 12 14 14 1	
201:	6666164122	
2.17	1.10:100000	
5.3		
1	12.5	24.
2 7	EGUCT 9712E	10 3 10 10 1 D
2.5	2400400000	
4.4.1	5 June 1441	
200	31.14.16.3000	
203 205 205 207 207 206 216	150 1100000	
0 (1	1.5 1010000	
211	원하고 말 44년 연원	
212	3000125000	51
213	2000/191125	food to the single
2011	2011 114 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 1	
525191 215	523.40	
214	- 0025 <b>125125</b>	
215 215	in a grant and water for	m 1 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
613	and the second second	
215	21: 512/:1.00	70 1
217	001021:221	
24.	010011 100	
217 213 237 237 273	# 100 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	F0271 T1 11 827 671 1 831 7 7 1
2.17		
2011	1.19610000	the second second
** , ,		

## Figure 6:1 Trace

market by the state of	
	PR 11 10 C 15 11
24 7727	12.000
7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
10:2202	" 2 2 7 2
- 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	J 6- J.J 6-
	52 77 33
	J= 0 0 * 1+ 1
P	ر الشرائي المساه الشرائي المساه الشرائي المساه الشرائي المساء الشرائي المساه الشرائي المساء المساء المساء المس
-10, 10,2	-0.0-
/4	ا او ادر جو ۱۰ سو اصاد میدود در ۳۰
	543311
" 1 m; 0 0	
5279×0	200200
-6-2.6	2000000
04/0 4	37.3333
7777	0000
- 1-11/2	2 60 2 2 3
327492	52.85.2
	70.000
	52.552.1
19777	1,01-1
2 -4.1	2000
_4_7(2)	1
170110	200 1.1
	24-2
3411	72.31.67
and the second of	201.4
Maria de la companya	
7.24 7.02	72 32 3
-01	41. 77.1
0011.4	14. 1. 1. 1
C 0 1 1 0 / 1	- 12 - 11 - 1
	. 6-11. 12
77119	32530
10 1	
22 ha - 1	
- 1 to 1 to	70770
	-16-12-2
ラガキ かまひ	1,7
- 04/	model, a
221 . 2	2214
3 n 1 - 3 7	17.21 12
1	
e e celle	
17. 17. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18	1.0.1.2.0.1.2.0.0.2.1.0.0.1.7.0.0.7.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0

V(-ph) Tipreq.

Figure Gir

Programming for more complex problems involves exactly the same procedures as presented here, but applied to lengthier equations. Elaborate or complex equation sets, which in many cases cannot be readily solved by hand computation procedures because of the prohibitive number of man-hours involved, are solved in a straight forward and economical manner on an electronic digital computer.

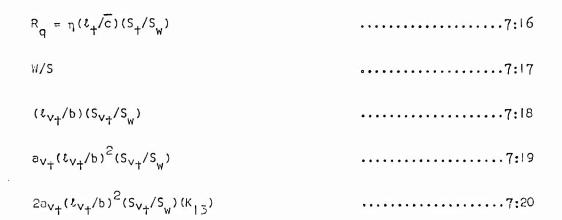
Decisions on the benefits to be provided by computers in a given organization can only be based on managements understanding of how computers are most efficiently usable, and it is hoped that the short description of programming procedure presented in this chapter provides a basic understanding of this topic insofar as day to day type problem solving is concerned. In the following chapters are presented programs for more involved type analyses concerning problems one would not normally attempt to solve without a digital computer. These programs provide an indication of the scope of work which can be handled by even the lowest cost, modern digital computers of the CCC DDP-116 and IBM 1130 type. Programs are written in the DICTATOR 11 language for the IBM 1620 system since such equipment was in use at DODCO when the programs were developed.

### 7.) DIMITION FLOW FOR SMIT OF LINE

The countions defining spinsion of the present to the previous charters contribe (from the mathematical of partial) and the final interest in terms of tarodyn is and environment by a partial countries, and environment by a partial computer, in much the countries of the partial constant of the first of the partial constant of the partial constants. All constants are conducted units the partial and constants.

A brookdown of operations in a face swift ble for strongles correlation in referred to as equation flow probable and tuck when lysis, flow with the difficient of probas of secflicit we make a fire scillated considers of the malysis provides the falls in the same and the provide for an original influencial and a second transitions. The materials of fallows investigately the definition with a fact that a fiftee this.

$K_{11} = (I_z - I_y)/I_x$	7:1
$K_{\gamma \uparrow} = (I_z - I_x)/I_y$	
$-K_{31} = (I_y - I_x)/J_{xz}$	
K <sub>41</sub> = 65 <sub>w</sub> /1 <sub>x</sub>	7:4
F <sub>51</sub> = c9 <sub>4</sub> /1 <sub>y</sub>	7:5
$K_{61} = bS_W/J_{xz}$	
$\kappa_{7i} = J_{xz}/I_{x}$	
$\kappa_{\rm el} = J_{\rm xz}/I_{\rm y}$	7:5
$K_{21} = I_z/J_{xz}$	7:9
$K_{101} = (!_z - 1_y)/1_x + 1 = 1_1 + 1$	7:10
$\kappa_{111} = J_{xz}/I_{x} = (I_{y}-I_{x})/J_{yz} = I_{y}-I_{y}$	7:!1
$K_{121} = J_{xz}/I_{x} - I_{z}/J_{xz} - K_{y} - K_{z}$	
∆ <del>4</del> ^/2	7:13
S <sub>1</sub> /S <sub>W</sub>	7:}&
(\$_/6)(\$_/\$_)	7.15



Spin entry definition requires the specification of the following quantities

 $\alpha$ 

 $\boldsymbol{\phi}_{W}$ 

p

q

r

٧

h

δ<sub>e</sub>

δ\_

 $\delta_{\mathbf{a}}$ 

β

γ

From start the program transfers to the main block while during running the integration block precedes the main block. The integration block is as follows:

CLS <sub>n+1</sub> = C <sub>115n</sub> + V <sub>MS</sub> At + V <sub>113</sub> + 2/10	7:13
$d_{EM_{n+1}} = d_{EM_n} + V_{EM} \wedge d + \dot{V}_{EM} \wedge v_{eM} $	7:0%
$c_{W_{n+1}} = c_{W_n} + c_{W_n} \Delta t$	
$C_{n+1} = C_n + \frac{1}{2} / 4$	7:15
$\beta_{n+1} = \beta_n + \beta_n C \tau$	7: 27
$V_{n+1} = V_n + \dot{V}_n / d$	7: 5
$\gamma_{n+1} = \gamma_n + \dot{\gamma}_n$ if	1: 19
Y <sub>n+1</sub> = Y <sub>n</sub> + † <sub>n</sub> Δt	
$p_{n+1} = p_n + p_{n+1}$	
$q_{n+1} = q_n + q_{n/2}$	
$r_{n+1} = r_n + r_n \Delta t$	
$5c_{n+1} = 8c_n + 5c_n 4$	7:33
$\delta_{r_{n+1}} = \delta_{r_n} + \delta_{r_n} \Delta t$	γ:35
the integration block or last block to in-	after to the off and ore

From the integration block on that the first term of the off review block which, in this case, law in a only the following expectation:

Next transfer to control block for an reaction of  $\theta_{\mathbf{e}}$  and  $\theta_{\mathbf{r}}$  as required

 $\delta_{\mathbf{e}},~\delta_{\mathbf{a}}$  and  $\delta_{\mathbf{r}}$  may also be set by the operator at any time during the run.

From here we proceed to the schodynamic and differential equation block. Compute

$$C_{L_W} = a_1 \alpha - a_2 \alpha^2 \qquad .....7:40$$

or if  $\alpha > a_p$ 

or, when  $K_0 \alpha > K_{ld}$ 

$$C_{D} = C_{C_{0}} + \frac{(K_{1_{d}})^{2}}{K_{d}}, C_{D_{W}} = C_{D_{0}} + \frac{(K_{1_{d}})^{2}}{K_{d}}$$
 .....7:48

$$C_{LL} = W/q*S \qquad .....7:49$$

$$C_{Y} = -(\partial C_{Y}/\partial \beta)\beta$$
 .....7:51

where  ${\rm COy/CS_0}$ , eiteron effectiveness through the residuals taken as a constant and where  ${\rm COy/CS}$  is given by which is form that on the region of operation along the wint time end. By is given by was dien I:21 for anyther of ottack up to  $_{\rm CO}$ , while there  $_{\rm CO}$ , as is not to zero and the quantity  ${\rm COy}_{\rm CO}$  -  $_{\rm CO}$  is revised to  $_{\rm CO}$ . The interior of thock above as  ${\rm Ke}/{\rm Ke}_{\rm CO}$ , the further chance of setting are z, this wateries contain Ke as a fractor (ruther than  ${\rm COy}$ ), to zero is

$$C_n = \frac{\epsilon_{v_+}}{b} \frac{S_{v_+}}{S} (a_n S_n + 1a_{v_+}) - \frac{\epsilon_{v_+}}{b} (\frac{2\epsilon_{v_+} + 1a_{v_+}}{b}) + C_{n_w}$$
 ....7:56

in which  $G_{\rm DW}$  is defined by equation fill for cycles of attack up to  $\phi_{\rm D}$  while for angles presder than this this this properties discussed in connection with equation 7:55 are employed.

This amplictes the corodyna is notified of the engineer and as well provides the quantities  $\hat{V}_{\tau}$  and  $\hat{g}_{\tau}$ 

We note a route the angular scales lines from the review equations 5:20, fight and 5:30 expressed in the . Of the  $K_{\rm pl}$  , perspections listed at the September of this chapter. Then

The kine offic constions yield for i, i and i,,

#### Print Block

Set sense switch to print every mint or every "n" point.

			Print		
+	h	'n	V	·	dus
qEM	γ	$\alpha$		$\mathcal{P}_{W}$	ψ'
$\dot{\hat{\gamma}}$	Þ	q	r	δ <sub>e</sub>	δ <sub>r</sub>

Typical results obtained with a program conferring to this equation flow are presented in the next charter, while the program itself, in the DIGTATOR II language, is listed in an appendix.

Revised April 7, 1965

## R. / SATILE OUTTUTS OF THE SELVE TO THE

The dynical data presented in this creator are not intended to describe illustrate the functioning of the distribution of the distribution. The aircrane characteristics until for the simulation are somewhat di liter to those of a Goscom 2000, however the accompanie data are contributed a time of since no experiencial interestion was available cosmission to timeout in the enale of attack region lawolved. The data uses to remark the displace are as listed below and are derived as copilist in interest 3 exception that the factors to and day were set to give a finite lift curve in the post-set! region. This was done to retard the sain rate. When the provide a lower sain rate is already was corrected below full proposition. In this connection, other factors being equal, (i.e., in the analyse whether of power off spin is the potential energy 00) as in the criving energy of a power off spin is the potential energy 00) as inclined the energy of the spin. Thus if two cross weight is learned, the spin rate also is lewered.

The slope of the lift curve three the soful effects the sain rate because the automorative moments depend directly on this slope. The indiplical spin characteristics of an eigelone, from the a respect to standarding, are arrived rainly by the respectful sharp of the lift curve, because the number of the final automorphism character a rate only on this surve but also on the directional stiffeness at the spine of the vertical suit, the relation ratios and a rate of the product of inertial  $J_{\rm ML}$ . It shill values of  $J_{\rm XZ}$  fover a rate of spin while morative values fover a flat spin.

The forces which actually cause the flight with the curve and produce a har in change are the function of a fine and the component of the lift was an which acts horizontally. In the function side of row is large, a challen angle of aerodyna is broke is a middle, between substantial a colympic bank angles are required in law case. The carrely write bank is the inflination of the lift vector to the  $z_{\rm h}$  wind aris and should not be confused with the contact of the wines with respect to the ground since these two or of this solution arbstratially.

The burnification of simple used for product check-out had the following a property fies:

- S wing area, 175 ft.<sup>2</sup>
- W cross weight, 1980 lbs.
- $t_{
  m x}$  roll rement of inertie, ISDA slops/ft.<sup>2</sup>
- $I_{ij}$  plich rement of inertia,  $f^{(i)}$  0 sture/ft.  $^2$
- $I_z$  yew coment of install, 100 stars/ft. 2
- $s_{
  m ve}$  vertical dell term, 10.07  ${
  m ft.}^{
  m G}$
- $s_{f e}$  horizontal tail one , 20.60 ft. $^2$

```
2
       moun aerodynamic chord, 4.9 ft.
       wing span, 36.513 M.
       vertical fail art, 17.00 ft.
242
       herizontal tall orr, 17.09 ft.
i.
       lift curve parameter. .30
9,
       lift curve parameter, 11.7
a..
or stall angle of attack to zone lift, 0.366 recions (00.959)
       plateau angle of sith du, 0.30 / radians (13.650)
       maximum lift conffici ni, 1.52
7.
OLp
       plotecu lift coeffici at, 1.70
       horizontal tall lift slame, 3.60 per radian
3<sub>4</sub>
       elevator deflection lift close, 2.060 per radian
0,5
       tail incidence from wine z ro lift, - .1744 radians (-100)
i ...
       vertical tail lift slaps, 5.00 per radions
374
      rudder lift slops, 1.16 per radion
2r
      moment coefficient about a.c., - 0.043
x_{co}/c herizontal arm of a.c. to c.g., 0.0109
z_{cc}/c vertical arm of a.c. to c.g., 0
       tail efficiency factor, 1.00
      damping in pitch fort r. 1.5
       angle of attack demping factor, 2.45
30,/80 side force coefficient slace, 1.0 per radian
Sig/30 drag gradient with sine stip. 1.0 per radian
       adjusted geometric dihedral augle, 4.50 (0.078(0 radions)
       drag factor, 1.25 per (region)
Kel
       limit drag factor, 1.03
Kla
```

```
\rm C_{O_{O}} parasite drag coefficient, 0.001

\rm C_{D_{O}} profile drag coefficient of wing, 0.011

\rm J_{XZ} product of inortic, 000

\rm K_{O} lift curve parameter, 1.000565

\rm K_{O_{O}} lift curve parameter, .900033

\rm K_{O_{O}} yow damping parameter, 2.00

\rm C_{O_{O}} alleron effectiveness parameter, .12
```

Numerous runs have been node with the chin pronum, however results from only one need be presented to illustrate the operation. The initial conditions represent a stall our of a diding decent during which the pilot completely stalls the eigentification that the draw reduces the speed well below the normal stall seed before the normal stall seed before the normal stall seed before the normal draw conditions that preside initial complete show roll draw not occur although the airplane rolls to air denamic bank angles in excess of 90°. Additionally the recoining initial conditions were:

```
\alpha = 45.82^{\circ} (angle of attack)

\phi_{W} = 23.6^{\circ} (denodynamic bank angle)

\rho = 0 (rell rate)

\rho = 0.573^{\circ}/\text{spc.} (pitch rate)

\rho = 0.573^{\circ}/\text{spc.} (pitch rate)

\rho = 0.573^{\circ}/\text{spc.} (flight path show)

\rho = 0.573^{\circ}/\text{spc.} (graph path show)

\rho = 0.573^{\circ}/\text{spc.} (graph path)

\rho = 0.573^{\circ}/\text{spc.} (graph path)
```

The integration interval was G.C. statem's with print out at every 0.25 seconds. Larger intervals then this are not use to because of the fairly high roll rates constrated during the spin.

Rovised April 7, 1965

The purification of elevator positions when the property of during the original and two Microsoft are initially and the property. Then \$1.5 a court, or as a two mains in a stilled for the single of many. Then \$1.5 a court, or as a court of all controls court that is a court of the single of the

The remaining digenes provide this bise mish of other portheest percenters on the said explanatory.

This concludes the precentation of tubind regulds of the sain program and in the acceptance simulation of the infilter of the still flight) in three of regions for an investment of the program of the p

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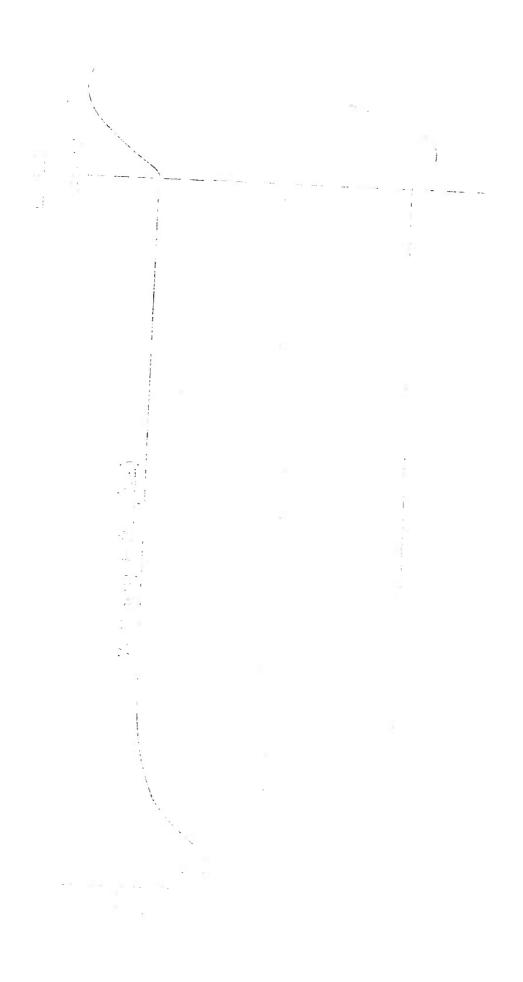
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#### 9.) IN DIAM FLOW FOR MANUAL PLACET ASSIGNS

This chapter presents a surrary of the program used to examine pure lenditudinal motion in the presence of counted control and environmental disturbances, and a separate program possibling study of controlled six digrae of freedom flight with control counted about all three notation axos. Considering first the localitation motion program, an initialization block is provided which establishes the airplane in triamed level flight for any set of specified start coalities consisting of the following:

t, time, seconds

ha, geometric height, fi.

V, true airspeed, ft/sec.

7, flight path attitude, derrues

 $\delta_{\rm c}$ , initial elevator setting (if insidence trim is used)

Given these initial conditions, for a given airelane configuration the required horsepower, angle of attack and pitch attitude are determined together with a setting for the aris table of tell incidence (if an adjustable stabilizer is employed) through a closed loop iterative procedure. Provisions are nade for variation of throttle and elevator satting as well as for gust inputs and other disturbance factors. Space is provided for simulation of peatrn) logic simulation and for use of various types of feerback control logic which control parameters such as speed, height, pitch attitude and so on. The equations employed in the program are as follows:

$$\dot{V} = -\frac{g\sin\gamma - (D/m)\cos2\alpha + (L/m)\sin^2\alpha + (T/m)\cos(\theta - \gamma - i_T)}{\dot{\gamma}} = -\frac{\cos\beta\gamma}{v} + \frac{L\cos\beta\alpha}{mV} + \frac{D\sin^2\alpha}{vV} + \frac{T}{rV}\sin(\theta - \gamma - i_T) \qquad .....9:2$$

$$\dot{q} = \frac{a^{x}\cos\beta}{i_{y}} \left[ C\mu_{ac} + \frac{\partial C_{c}}{\partial S_{f}} S_{f} + C_{c}S_{c} \left( \frac{\delta_{c}}{S} (\alpha - i_{T}) - 2.75\beta \frac{D_{p}}{c} \right) - C_{T} \frac{z_{p}}{c} \right] + a(\alpha + \frac{\partial i_{w}}{\partial S_{f}} S_{f}) \left( \frac{x_{c}g}{S}\cos\beta + \frac{z_{c}g}{S}\sin\beta \right) - R_{q}a_{f} \left( \alpha + i_{T} - KK_{1}a(\alpha + \frac{\partial i_{w}}{\partial S_{f}} S_{f}) + (KK_{1}a\xi_{4}/V)(\dot{\alpha} + \frac{\partial i_{w}}{\partial S_{f}} S_{f}) + \frac{K_{1}\xi_{4}\dot{\alpha}}{V} \right) - R_{q}a_{g}\delta_{g} \right] \qquad .....9:3$$

Wind effects are represented by the following equations:

$$V_{R}^{S} = (V\cos \gamma + V_{RH})^{2} + (V\sin \gamma + V_{RH})^{2} + \dots 9:7$$

where:

$V_{\theta_{ m H}}$ = instantaneous horizond. Fig. :	orrowly will be the best winn, five is
${ m V}_{H_{ m V}}$ — instantaneous variable late. $\sigma$	talend, * if united, fivers.
$\tan \gamma_R = (V \sin \gamma - \frac{1}{2} \gamma)/(V \cos \gamma) + \frac{1}{2} \gamma$	9:5
$2\alpha = \gamma - \gamma_{R}$	
$\alpha = \theta - \gamma_R$	•••••••••••••
$\dot{\alpha} = \dot{\Theta} - \dot{\gamma}_{R}$	
$\dot{V}_{R} = \dot{V}_{R}_{V} \sin \gamma_{R} + \dot{V}_{R}_{C} \cos \gamma_{R}$	
$\dot{V}_{Ry} = \dot{V}_{Siny} + \dot{\gamma} V_{COSY} - \dot{V}_{Hy}$	
$\dot{V}_{Q_{11}} = \dot{V}_{COS}\gamma - \dot{\gamma}V + \dot{V}_{Q_{11}}$	11:9
$\dot{y}_{R} = \frac{\dot{v}_{R,y}cosy_{R} - \dot{v}_{R,y}cosy_{R}}{v_{R}}$	S:13
$d_* = v\Lambda^{5}\sqrt{5}$	
$V_1 = \sqrt{2q^2/e_0}$ , indicates where	, 105 d
$\frac{\dot{q}}{q} + \frac{\dot{p}}{o} + \frac{2\dot{V}_R}{V_R} = \frac{2\dot{V}_1}{V_1}$	9:13

Annadymanic drag is describ for the following relations:

where:

 ${\rm Cp}_{\rm CO}$  = basic parasite drag coefficient, dimensionless  ${\it LCD}_{\rm CO}$  = increment in drag due to landing goar

 $\delta {\rm OD_e}/\delta \delta_f$  and  $\delta {\rm OD_e}/\delta \beta$  are the parasite drag coefficient gradients due to  $\delta_f$  and 3 respectively.

Propeller thrust is obtained from

where:

 $\eta_{n}$  = propoller efficiency

BHP = brake horsepower

Atmospheric properties are defined in terms of standard NASA conditions by the following approximate relations valid from sea level to 10,000 ft.

$$\rho = 0.0023769e^{-0.2970h \times 10^{-4}}$$
 (air donsity) ............9:20

$$p = 2116e^{-0.374h} \times 10^{-4}$$
 (orbital prossure) ..............9:21

The kinematic relations defining location are:

For simulation of periodic clear bir turbulence the vertical and herizontal winds are defined by the Karman street relations

$$V_{\text{tily}} = \frac{k\pi}{a} \left\{ \frac{\sinh(y - \frac{h}{2}) + \frac{\pi}{2}}{\cosh(y - \frac{h}{2}) + \frac{\pi}{2} - \cos(x - \frac{h}{2}) + \frac{\pi}{2}}{\cosh(y - \frac{h}{2}) + \frac{\pi}{2}} + \frac{1}{\tanh(\frac{h}{2})} \right\}$$

$$V_{\text{tily}} = \frac{k\pi}{a} \left\{ \frac{\sin 2\pi x / a}{\cosh(y - \frac{h}{2}) + \frac{\pi}{2}} - \frac{\sin(x - \sqrt{a}) + \frac{\pi}{2}}{\cosh(x - \frac{h}{2}) + \frac{\pi}{2}} \right\}$$

$$V_{\text{tily}} = \frac{k\pi}{a} \left\{ \frac{\sin 2\pi x / a}{\cosh(y - \frac{h}{2}) + \frac{\pi}{2}} - \frac{\sin(x - \sqrt{a}) + \frac{\pi}{2}}{\cosh(x - \frac{h}{2}) + \frac{\pi}{2}} \right\}$$

$$V_{\text{tily}} = \frac{k\pi}{a} \left\{ \frac{\sin 2\pi x / a}{\cosh(y - \frac{h}{2}) + \frac{\pi}{2}} - \frac{\sin(x - \sqrt{a}) + \frac{\pi}{2}}{\cosh(x - \frac{h}{2}) + \frac{\pi}{2}} \right\}$$

Data printed out by the prover, in fig. is a site forecare, in some a secuence

where k is the strength of the interest and minimum to the offered.

an optimization of the formula x = x + y + y + y + y + z which can be as x = x + y + z

For one bined study of refirm to the state of the state of the state of the results of the state of the stat

$$\dot{p} = \frac{q^{\frac{1}{1}}Sb}{l_{\frac{1}{1}}} \left[0.18b_{0} - 0.1 (-1.11) (-1.1$$

The amortions (or particle relies to), for this case

$$\dot{y} = \frac{C_{T} - C_{D}}{C_{L}} = C_{D} + C_{D}$$

$$\dot{y} = \frac{C_{T} - C_{D}}{C_{L}} + C_{D} + C_$$

Shiro:

$$G_{ij} = 2/e^{\alpha}S = level flictor lift confficient at where  $q^{\alpha} = .....9:72$$$

 $\boldsymbol{p}_{_{\boldsymbol{W}}}$  - bank angle of lift  $\boldsymbol{v}$  is  $\boldsymbol{r}_{_{\boldsymbol{v}}}$  regions

$$C_{\gamma}$$
 - side force coefficient  $A = Y_{\gamma} = 3 + - 2(\epsilon C_{\gamma}/\delta C)$  ....9:53

Y = side force

r - Lording analo, radi to

The harmal load factor, n is doft ad by,

the rates of change of the first entity replaces,  $\overline{z}$  and  $\overline{z}_w$  are obtained from the ratio resolutions:

information is performed on:

i, 
$$\dot{v}$$
,  $\dot{r}$ ,  $\dot{\dot{v}}$ ,  $\dot{\dot{s}}$ ,  $\dot{\dot{s}}$ ,  $\dot{\dot{\phi}}_{v}$ ,  $\dot{\alpha}$ ,  $\dot{\dot{r}}$ ,  $\dot{\dot{a}}$  at  $\dot{\dot{r}}$ ,

to demonstra

h, V, 7, 9, 3, 
$$\varphi_{W}$$
,  $\varphi_{r}$ ,  $\varphi_{r}$ ,  $q$  and  $r$ 

respectively.

The print out sequence, in flatting residual form is:

which a load feator.

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were angles are expressed in distance.

The times alreading to run time tracks of the coulded desire disorts supplied in the learnedness should be a result if make I braines of profit had a number of profit had a number of profit to 00000, If any other supplies, it is denoted by the 00000, If all other supplies, it is denoted by the couldest of the outer, it is denoted by the couldest of the outer, it is denoted by the couldest of the outer, it is denoted by the couldest of the outer, it is denoted by the couldest of the outer of the

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## 10.) TYPICAL PESULTS OF THE SIX ACCIDE OF FREEDOM AND LONGITUDINAL DYNAMICS PROGRAMS

To illustrate the results obtain. Who with the programs described in Chapter 9 an airplane with the following characteristics was assumed:

W, weight, 3100 lbs.

S, wing area, 175.5 ft.<sup>2</sup>

 $\mathrm{S}_{+}$ , horizontal tail area, 33.63 ft. $^{\mathrm{C}}$ 

 $S_{v+}$ , vertical tail area, 18.57 ft. $^2$ 

b, wing span, 36.583 ft.

c, mean serodynamic chord, 4.7 ft.

 $t_{+},$  horizontal tail moment arm, 15.00 ft.

 $\mathcal{E}_{\mathrm{Va}}$ , vertical tail rement arm,  $\mathcal{E}_{\mathrm{L}}$ .83 ft.

∂Cy/o, rate of change of Cy with sideslip angle, 0.393 rad. -1

e<sub>w</sub>, lift slope of wing, 4.00 rad. -1

 $r_{\pm}$ , lift slope of horizontal fall, 3.62 rad.  $^{-1}$ 

o<sub>o</sub>, elevator effectiveness, 2.065 rad. -1

a, rudder effectiveness, 1.16 rad. -1

 $e_{V_{\pm}}$  lift slope of vertical tail, 2.05 rad.  $^{-1}$ 

ly, rolling moment of inertia, 100 slugs-ft.2

l<sub>o</sub>, pitching moment of inertia, 2000 slugs-ft.<sup>2</sup>

 ${\rm I}_{\rm p}$ , yawing moment of inertia, IPAO slugs-ft.  $^{2}$ 

 $C_{\text{Dep}}$ , basic drag coefficient, 0.021

మంది. drag coefficient increment due to lowering landing gear, 0.025

300,/30, rate of change of Co. with sidestip angle, 0.025 rad. -1

 $\delta n_{\rm D_2}/d\theta_{\rm P}$ , rate of change of  $\theta_{\rm D_0}$  with flap deflection, 0.063% rad. $^{-1}$ 

K, drag due to lift factor,  $\log \sqrt{\log n}$ , 0.048

η, propoller efficiency, 0.35

K,, downwash distribution factor, 1.0

No. demping in either the form in the form from frozen, 1.0

Dough, noment coefficient form a sure, -1.013

Dough/So<sub>t</sub>, rate of chance of the sure that the delication, -0. The res.-1

z<sub>p</sub>, thrust exists no enterm, 0.17.43.

z<sub>q</sub>, horizontal distance form o.c. to 0.0., 0.6301 ft.

z<sub>q</sub>, vertical distance form o.c. to 0.0., -1.000 ft.

A, averaging a fiect, craims - 1. The sure of communic off druft - 4.750

i<sub>q</sub>, thrust incidence cannot, -0.74 ft.

A, preseller disc area, 0.7.67 ft.

b<sub>q</sub>, distance from promotion (los to o.g., 1.) ft.

D<sub>g</sub>, proposite discater, 6.73 ft.

bi<sub>q</sub>/To<sub>q</sub>, veriftion in zero 11(the sto incidence with flop deficition, 0.000

If now, maximum horsessuer, I. II

Stood, total fire deflection, 30 maps

The directional derming factor (i.g. wor within 1.5 and who directional straille factor to 0.0 for the lateral-direction for a window of a trailed exist in a major in SAA series. For these runs the following countries and a direct or a major in the major of a complete countries were employed:

definations

ailerens ± 16.50

rudder ± 20°

playator + 190

elleren nate 11.469/sec.

rudder rate 5.730/sec.

vetor rate 10º/scc.

For the runs elevator control was control using a velocity PSAS system elevator the following control  $\Gamma_{\rm c}$ 

$$\hat{T}_{o} = \int_{0}^{t} \theta_{v} \left( \left[ \frac{e_{n} - \sqrt{t_{i}} \dot{v}_{i}}{\epsilon_{v}} \right]_{\theta_{i}} - \dot{v}_{i} \right) d\tau - e_{v} \dot{v}_{i} dt_{p_{v}}$$
 .....10:1

1.00 C:

 $\theta_{\rm v}$  = system onin = 0.0005

 $.t_{ev} = icad time = 4.0 cmc.$ 

T. - 4.0 sec.

e, a 2.0 ft/sec.<sup>2</sup> (clipped level)

 $\mathbb{Q}_{\mathfrak{p}}$  = elevator displacement from initial neutral (trim)

$$q_V = V_{1d} - V_1$$

For study of the valenity PSAS the  $\hat{V}_1$  inner sign I to the control legic was branch to simulate operation of a noine little. The legged value of  $\hat{V}_1$  (and led  $\hat{V}_{10}$ ) was obtained by independing of Land counties for  $\hat{V}_1$ , i.e.,

where:

 $\tau_{\rm f} = 0.15$  seconds

 $\tau_{\star}$  is the first order log constant in the equation

The las were neglected in the full six degree of freedom dynamic program.

For the runs prosented, the lateral-directional control was exerted via a control via rute gyro stability percentian towing a controlled of  $50^\circ$  (i.e., the twis of the rute cyro case lies of  $40^\circ$  to the longitudinal reference exis. x).

The cented axis rate gyro control 1 ax is:

Where:

 $\Delta \beta_0$  m increment in alternate (leftich to be confied

$$i_0 = 50^{\circ}$$

 $\theta_c = -0.04$  for integration of the sub-COM seconds

p = roll rate, radions/s p.

n = yow made, madians/r/o.

$$G_{2} = 0.50$$

δ<sub>2</sub> = total nudder displanters

 $S_{\rm p}$  = total mileron dishlater of  $S_{\rm p}$ 

Ecuntion 19:4 is a digital income of the country equivalent is the note equation:

$$\hat{s}_{a} = -4.0(pccsi_{g} + rsini_{g})$$
 .....:0:3

Figure 10:1 is an illustration of the coulds obtained with three exis ES/3 with and without nudder serves in an illustration. The initial conditions indeped were:

$$V_{\star} = 103 \text{ fps} = 70 \text{ meh (nic: filest)}$$

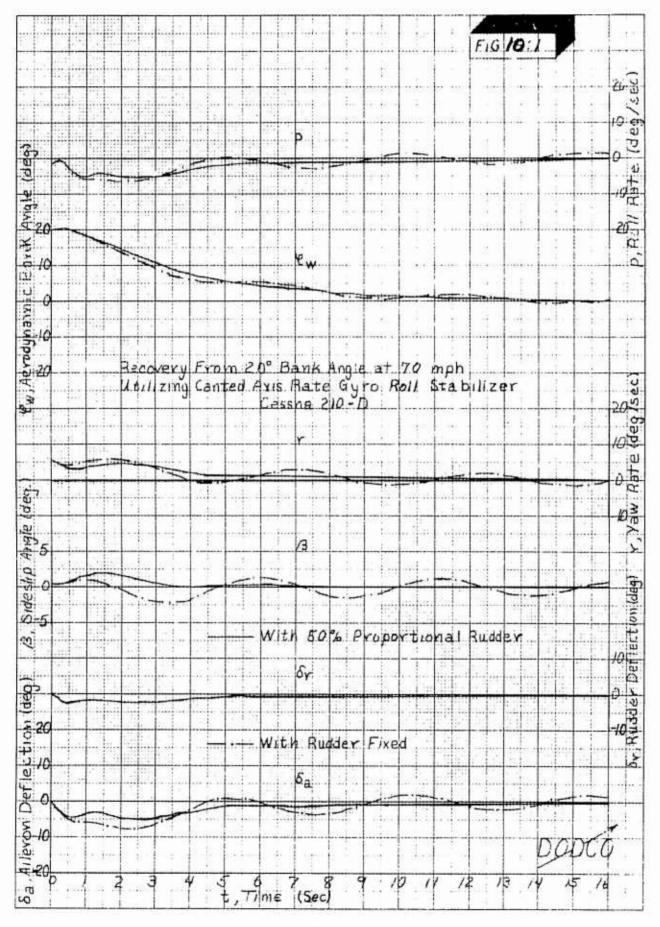
h - 5000 ft.

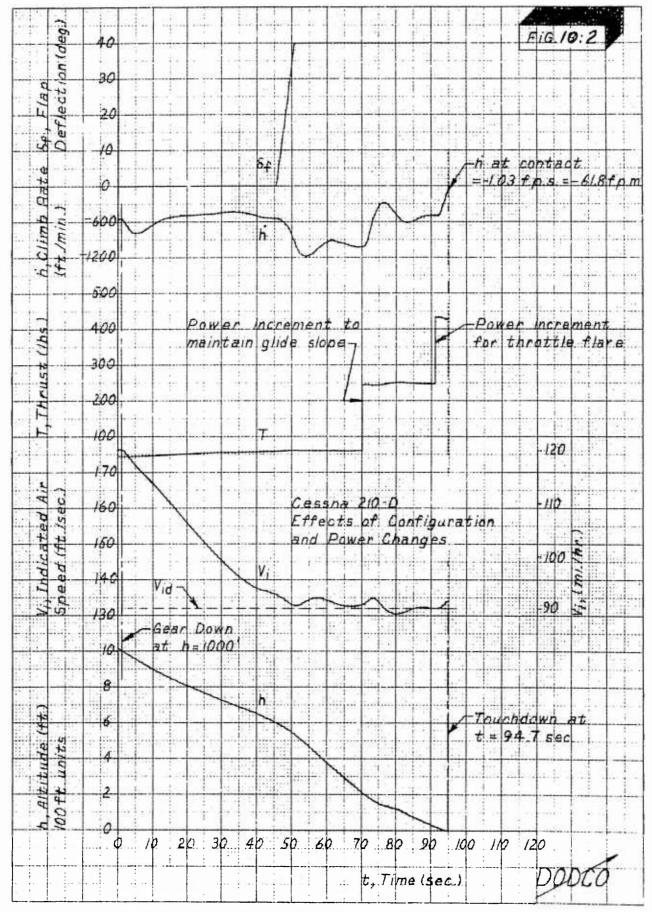
$$\gamma = -3^{\circ}$$

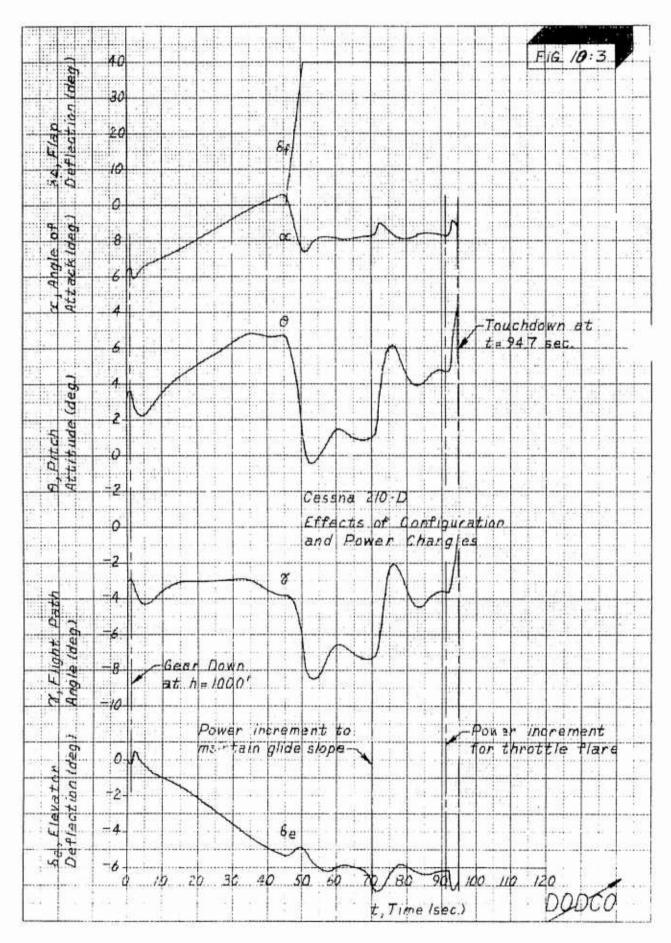
The fack of the PCIS system is for a maintained toyof flight while bolding indicated speed constant. Admin a facilities will be extincted in the standard for the standard standard for the standard for the standard standard for the standard for

Initiate with trimmed flight at  $V_i = 176.33$  fps,  $\gamma = -3^{\circ}$ , h = 1010 ft.,  $\alpha = 6.31^{\circ}$ ,  $\delta_e = 0.0^{\circ}$ , thrust = 44.97#. Speed select is set to approach speed of  $V_i = 132$  fps = 90 mph. At 1000 ft. the landing gear is lowered. At h = 600 ft. flaps are started down (0 to  $40^{\circ}$ ) at  $8^{\circ}$ /sec. At h = 200 ft. power is increased by 53 HP to maintain a glide slope of  $-3^{\circ}$ . At h = 15 ft. power is increased by 52 HP for performance of a throttle flare. The task of the velocity PSAS system is to reduce speed gently from 176.33 fps to 132 fps and maintain this speed in the face of power and configuration variations. Integration intervals were set to 0.1 sec. The figures are self explanatory.

This concludes the presentation of typical outputs of the computer programs. The programs are flexible and are usable for many other purposes than illustrated. Their use for other purposes depends, however, on understanding how to input data and set transfers and so on. Complete coding sheets and the instruction list for the DICTATOR II program method are included in the appendices to this report to permit further study on the part of the reader. Additionally DODCO, INC., is prepared to answer questions on the methods.







## 11.) CONCLUDING REMARKS

The modern high speed, relatively low cost digital computing systems are excellent tools for rapid and low cost analysis of aircraft performance, handling qualities and for study of behavior of automatic control logics. They are also useful for design studies, particularly as regards the effects of parameter variations and for examination of nonlinear and cross coupling effects. Applications to structural, weight and balance, flutter and related problems are of equal significance.

Use of this equipment in engineering design is by no means new to the aviation industry as a whole, however fast, low cost computers have only been available for the past five years and just in the past year have there appeared units in the \$1,000 a month rental category which are capable of rapid handling of the types of problems involved.

Additionally, until relatively recently the use of executive programming procedures (e.g., FORTRAN, DICTATOR, etc.) which greatly simplify use of computers, has not been wide-spread and either extensive personnel training programs or employment of additional personnel were involved in engineering application of computers. This, plus the earlier nigh cost of computers, limited aviation applications (particularly of digital units) to design programs on military and large commercial transport equipment having substantial engineering budgets.

The "cost" barrier on digital computers no longer exists, and the presence of "canned" programs of the type presented here eliminates the need for computer specialists for effective utilization of the newer low cost equipment. Proper employment of the computer still requires a rather complete understanding of the problems to be solved however, so that initially a fair amount of study is required on the part of potential users of any set of digital methods and equipment. This report presents methods which were developed in the conduct of research programs under the FAA General Aviation Safety Development Program, and is designed to aid General Aviation activities to evaluate their need for incorporating digital techniques into their engineering operations as well as to encourage such use.

DODCO, INC., will be pleased to answer questions or receive comments concerning this report.

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# APPENDIX 1

# THE SPIN PROGRAM

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1.6.0 C2	- (4) + CS221 → §22	1, 0,0,0, 9,7,2 5,7,2
1.5.7	(da) (d (e/dea)	3 3 5 5 5 6 0 0 0
1. ce	<u> [558] + [M] = </u>	1.0.0.0.8.2.2.8.2.2
4-53	TR to 128	8.5.1 0.0000 0.00
1.6.2	14.1	
	Kda	3 7 0 6 9 2 0 9 5 5 2 0 0 0 8 7 5 0 0 0
7. 1.35 7. 1.37	Kda - Kin	
<u> </u>	TR to 168 if nes	0-0.1.6 1.6.4 1.6.8
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	move 18/1/Ka to 956	6001.0000.04.23
/	13000 Nielfra 10 105 Co+ 1/4 α = 0	
/	TR = 424	6.0.0.0 9 0.0 9 5.5
1-1-1-1	J = 5 9 4 7-	
. <u>- L</u>		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
7.7		
(7,7)		
.7.6		
. 3.6		<u> </u>
<u></u>		
- 10 / 2 / 2 / 2 / 2 / 2 / 2 / 2 / 2 / 2 /		
<u></u>		
1 2 2 1		
- 1		

		Initialization)	73. / .		
MAMEL	D.83	<u> </u>	- 02/:		<u></u>
	17.8.74A7.75		0,7		<u> </u>
	<u> Iy</u>		29.1.7 _4000	9.1.6	0.00
	Iy) Ix -> 50	5	4000.	9.15	805
1.7	-TX	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	_ 2 9.L7.	4.15	0.0.0
K5-=(1.	z-Ix)/Iy_>1	)'s <u>.</u>	4 0.00 2:3,16 4 0,0,0	9/5	6.0.0.51
V/-3	-Iy)/Jxz -> S	(1 <sup>t</sup> )	4 000	V 9.7	80000
	<u> </u>		3911	9.0.7	950
Ku = h	5w/1x - 50	and the same of th	4000	9.15	8.0.81
7 5	5 W		3910	9.0.7	0.0.0
	Su/In -> FO	]	4000	7.1.6	809
K6_= 5	S. J. J. J. St.		14 9.50	5.9.2	8,10
K7 = I	TXZ/IX -> IST	7	4:89.6	9.15	58.7
K3 E J	X= / I Y = 5 3	<u> </u>	4 8 9 2		
K9 =	12/Tx2 -7 00	Q	4 9.1.7	5.7.2	0.0.0
	*= 11 x - 1 = 17 x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	z=K7-K9-7291	- 6-5-5-7	0.0,0	0 2 9 1
_K10_=	K = - K == 75"	>	2 5 5 7 2 5 5 5 2 3 5 7	30.7	288
	Kn-Kz -785	<u> </u>	39.4.3	9.4.3	0.001
	(1)/2 -> 944	/	3000		
	54 /SW > 700		4.9.0.9	20.7	7.0.0
بربر	12 15		49.13	91.0	0.0.0
(S	t/su) (1/2)		3 0 0 0	8.0.0	0.00
Kg	7(1) -> 501		3.30.0	9114	301
	W/SW -> 502		4 9 3.4	9.07	802
	1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-		7 7.1.4	2 0 0	950
	16 / Svt 15w)	B 208	3 9 50	000	950.
· (1 v t	16)-(Sut/sw)		3 000	950	0.0.0
aut Out	16) (Sut 15.0)		3 0.00	926	0.0.0
Zave Click	1/2)2 (Sub / Sw)	<u>→ 204/</u>	6.0.0.0	1.01	8.04
Clo	200 to 7	231 /	6.0,00	9.00	7.00
	, ,			7.00	7.0.1
s.	t a stout		<u> </u>		208
- set	h start		6 0,0,0		.2.0.1.
setset	- You sturt		6000		-1-1-0
	2 5/2024			9.3.7	71.4
Set.	Start		6000		7.15
24	y stri		16.0.0.0	8.55	17.0.3
	B_stert	<del></del>	16 0.0.0	3.8.2	7 0.9.
. set		er ive)	-6.0.0.0	1.4.7	7.1.6:
S/-	Ja Start (a)		6.0.00	3.5.1	865
·	C	victor)	60.0.0 60.0.0	1.7	1. 7. 7.
	8 start 78 = 2 = 6 24		0 0.6.2	.00 0	024
	T 804]		3870	3.04	5.04
	Kis		3 8,7,9	523	0,00
T.	7/2c		4.0.0.0		
TRE			0 0.1		

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F/	ROGRAM Soin (	Integration)			
		7.4 TE	0,14	8 0	
10C	REMARKS		0,00		
3,00	$t = \pm n + At$		11.7.0.0	9.4.3 2.00	
3.41.74	へまだ。		3 943	2.0.2 9.5.01	
3.4.0	(4=2/2) h		3.9.4.4	7.1.8 0.1.0	
(9 <u>J.J.)</u>	$\Delta h = (1) + (301)$		1 0.0.0	1,50000	
	1-n+ = hn + (P)		1000	7.0.1 7.0.11.	0
3	<u> </u>	· · <del> · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</del>	0.00.4	200 000	
	(E6/2) VMS	***		7.19 95.0	
	A GAS		3 9 4 3 3 9 4 4 1 0 0 0 0	1.50 0,0,0	
2.6.	drish = dre + Adre		1 0.0.0	7.0.5 7.0.5	
2.7	At Vri		3 9 4 3	7.0.5 7.0.5 7.2.0 9 5,0 7.2.2 0 00	
(3.7.7) (3.7.7)	(152/2) Ven		13 1.44	22,20001	
W. Addin.	Adew		1 0.0 0	15.0 500	
317.5	den = det + A den	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	/ 0,0,0	7.0.6 7.06	
	$\frac{\Delta = V_n}{V_{n+1} = V_n + \Delta = V_n}$		3.9.4.3	7.0 1/ 000	3
	Vn, = Vn + AF vn		7 9 1 3	7.2.2.0.0 7.0.6.7.06 7.0.6.7.06 7.0.5.7.0.3 7.1.2.0.0.0	
	Δt &n (7)		1 0 0 0	7072000	
	At do	······································	3.943	7.0.7 7 0.7	
3.4.7	$     \lambda_{n+1} = \lambda_n + (\uparrow) $		1.0.0.0	70: 7.0.81 7.2.5000 7.0.9.7.09 7.23000 7.10.21.0	,
<u> </u>	At Bo		3.9.4.3.	7.2.5000	
	Both - Bot (M)		1 0.00	7.0.9.7.091	
	<u> </u>		3 9.4.3	7.23 0.00	
	92-n== 9wn + (1)	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	7.0.0.0	7.70.71.0	
	12 m = 12 m + (1) At 4n Yn+1			7.2.6.0.2	?
			7.9 4.7	7 2 7 : 0 . 1	
	Entl		1000	7.1.3 7.1.3	
	<u> </u>		3 9 4 3	7.2.8 0.6.0	
	3 n+1		1 6.0.0	7.1.4 7.1.4	O
	At č		3 9.4.3 1 0.00 3 9.4.3 1 0.00	7.29 000	
	<u> </u>		17.0.0.0	7.1.5.7.1.5.	
20 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	<u> </u>		i 0.0 0	7.3,0.0,0.0,	
	1 t : [		3 9 4 3	7/5000	
3			1 600	7.1.7.2.1.71	Ċ
3.3.2.2	TR + 400		0.0,1.0	0.0,0 4.0.0	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
3.					C
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L				102 3	*

DILITATURE DE INSTRUMENTE

/ <del></del> /	DERAM Spin (D)+	(f Fg.)
	NAME DISS. CA	TI 9A S O
100	REWARKS	9000
4	297 h x 10-4	3 9.3 6 2.0.1 0.0.0
45.7	e'n	10,0.000.000
14 7.6	P = P3 (7)	3 0.0.0 9.3.5 0.0.0 3 0.0.0 7.0.3 0.0.0
	DV2	3 0.0.0 7.03 0.0.0
	$Q^r = \rho \sqrt{2}/2 \implies 211$	3 0.2 6.0.0 8.1.1
	TR 15 100	0.0.1.0.0.0.0.1.0.0
4	<u> </u>	3 9 2 3 9 0 8 9 5 1
	- 1624z	5 0.0.0 7.05 0.0.0
	St 9	3.9.1.3.7.1.4.0.0.0
7.7.1		4 0.02 7.03 9.5.2
<i>14</i> ;		1 7.0 % 9.3.1 9.5.3
<u>'</u>	$\alpha_t = \alpha + i_t + l_{t-2}/v$	3 0.0 0 9.2.4 9.5.0
7/2	9 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	37.1.69.2595.4
4	CL+ = Q+ x+ + geoc	1950000000
	(1+ 17 S+/s)	3 900 5.1.3 0.0.0
<u> </u>	CL = CLW + (1)	11 00 0 8.132 0.000 10 0.96 200 0.000
4	10 (25 <sub>0e</sub> (22)	3.0.0.0 4.1.9.000
43	Cac = (ac + 1)	1 0.00 9.1.8 9.5.0
7	TR 3 165	0 0.1.0 0.00 1.6.5
4	Co = Co + Kd x2	317.08 51559.56
4.4.	Cnw = Cno + Kdo2	119569,218.16
4.	(i_ = /w/s)/a=	4.8.0.2.8.1.1.8.1.2
<u> </u>	5m X → 956 (c) X → 957	0 0 9 1 7 0 7 9 5 6
4	C <sub>0</sub> /c <sub>1</sub>	48.158.1.70.0.0
4	(Cn/c) + sin X	1.0.0.095.60.0.0
14.5.7	y = -9(1) -> 704	5 0.0.0 9.39 7.0.4
	Cy = - (2Cy/2/3)/3 Sm 4w -7 958	57.0.9 9.3.3 8.1.8
4	Cy sin fly	3.0.0.0.8.1.8.7.50
4 - 7	(53 Yw.	0.0.9.2.7.1.0.9.5.9
42	Ci us Pu	3.8.1.4.0.0.0.0.0.0 2.10.0.0.9.5.0:0.0.0
4	Crossin - Cycin Yn	7 0.0.0 3.1.7 0.0.0
<u> </u>	7 - 10 X	12:10:00:9.5.7:9.50
4	3/v -> 960	4. 9.3.9. 7. 0.3. 7. 6.0.
4.1.1	8 = (5/11) x/950) -> 7/2 C1 cm Yu	3 0.0.0 9.5.0 1/1.1.2
H	Cu (02 Yw	3 19.5.8 5.1.4 9.5.0 3 19.5.9 5.1.8 0.00
4	Cramfort Cycor Ve	1.000 9.5000.000
$\frac{1}{2}$	(A)/(x) × 3 (A)/(L)	4 0 2 2 3 5 7 0 2 2
4:	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{1}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{1}}$	3 0.00 3.6.0 7.2.6
14	TR 10 190	0.01.0.000.14.0
11.1.	0+11 - K2 & 2/4	1.0007530001
,	_	2011 1 103 234

DICTATUR A INSTRUMENT

F	ROGRAM SPIN (D)H. F.	
	NAME D.S.S. DATE	<u> </u>
100	REMARKS	Day.
12.4		
7,	$q_{t}(t)$	3 0.0.6
7	9e Se + (1)	1 0.0 2 3.54
4,	R <sub>2</sub> (2).	3,0.0.0 2.07 3.20
H. 22."-		0 0.9.1 7.0 3. 9.5.2
4	(£0y1E)@m_d	3 D. O. O. S. 3. P. A. 5. 4 .
4	<u> </u>	0.0.9.2.2.2.0.7.2.5.3
14 2 0	(X0,1c) (0,2 x	3 0.0.0 9.2.7 0 0.0
- Harrist 1.	(Veg/c) (Ad + (Zeg/c) snd CLW (1)	10.00 75.4000
$\mathcal{A}_{mn}$	CLW (^)	3 5.1 2 0 0 2 0 0 0 0
4	Cmac + (1)	1.0.0.0. 9.23 20.0.
4	$(?) - 950 \rightarrow $19$	12 2000 750 811.91
4.7.3	2 Kd x	1.9.55 7.5.5 2.6.5
4-1-2-	CLW-2Kd4 -> 955	251.20.00 9.55
14 Julie -	(1) smx	*3.5.0.0 4.5.2. 9.5.2 *1. 9.5.1 9.5.1 3.2.0 *2.2.2.2.3.3.2.2.9.4.1
L. Carrie		1. 9.5.1 7. 5.1. 2.2.0
'U	2125-11,	2 2 2 3 2 3 7 2 1
	2 a 2 a - a, - (Dw -> 15)	2:0.0:0 8:1.6 9.51
	2224-0, 2024-0,-(Dm -> 05) 11) (204	3,0,0,0,0, 9,0,3 0,0,0,0
4.4.	11) + 950	1 0,000,000,000,000
	ρό	3 2.7.3 9.7.7 2.0 0 3 6.99 ° 5.2 0.00
4.1.0	11/2	3 0.00 3 2 0.000
4.7.7	25/2V - 820	<u>40.00</u> 7.03 8.20
4.7.	<u> </u>	3 0.0.0 9.6.4 9.6.5
4,7,3%	1,26/161)(950)	3,0,0,0,7,50,750
4.7.	- (/1/4)(02-2014) ろ(か)= -(エア/4)(1-2014)	3 0.00 7 50 7 50 3 9.6 1 9 4 2 0.00 3 0.00 52 7 9 5 6 0.00 52 7 9 2 3 6 0.00 8 9 3 4 6 5
4.7.2	s(r)= = (s//4)(q,-2,4)	43 122 7.27 9.6.1.
$H_{i}$	move az to 923 vecet 465	6000 803 465
4.7.1	vcct 465	6.0,00 803 465
4.7	Ciw and	<u> </u>
14.75	Cpw_smx	3.3.1.6.9.5.2 0.0.0
14.7.0	C.pu Smx + CLUCSIN	1 0.00 9.6.2 9.6.2
14.0.1		317.1.5 9.1.1 0.00
4	y 6/2	310.0.0.9.9.0.2 0 0.0
$\mathcal{H}$	<u> </u>	-1. 60.0. 7.0.3. 3.2.1.
4,	~b/6V	3 0.0 0 9 0.3 0.0 0
H. Sell	r: . : . V L 162]	3.0.0.0 9.6.2 0.0.0
4,	(1) + [161]	1.0.0.0.9.6.1 0.00
14. 1. 7.	TR +0 109	0:0.1.0:0.0.0 1.07
7.:	(22,3-0,-CDW)5MX	3 95.1 95.2 95.1
[4] 3 C	(=> < 1-C++ 301(3)	5 9.5.5 9.5.3 0.00
14 7 6	(1) 4 (1)	110.0.0 9.5000.00
4.2.7	(1) Pb/16V	3.0.0019.60 9.5.0
4.	Cow wid	13 9.5.3 8.1.6 9.5.1
4	Ciu am d	3 9.5.2 8.1.2 0.0.0
4.	Coucood - Chucina	2 9.51 0.0.0.0.0.0
4,5.5	<u>/</u> 2 (?)	2.9.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0
4.5.6		1.0.00 6.0.4 0.0.0
17.1.1	(+) x rb/zy	3 0.0.0 8.2.1 0.0.0
4	[ 750] -(1)	211.5,20,0,0950
	0,6	3927.7.1.79.5.11
22.7		mayor to the

REMARKS	0,000
Blue	37.0.7 9.2.6 0.0.0
Sect Best	11,000,09.51,000,0
(201/b)(sv-/s))a-6c-1	3 0 0 0 3 2 3 0 0 1
Cn = (1) + [950] -> 3	/ 2.0.0 95 2 2.2.3!
KuC	3 8 08 322 0000
Vac 18 -> 203	3 200 811 920
Company of the contract of the	2 3 2 3 3 11 000
	30,00 2100.00
Cn 3 184 Cn 38	7 000 920 37 /
The state of the s	7 0.0.0 42.0 37 1 3 2 1 3 2 1 4 2 2 2 3
77	321324,223
03, LUNE/LX - 1-1-1-1	1000 471 9.51
(1) + [9] = 971	1:000 47.1.9.5.1
7 - 723	371471397
$+ \alpha + \Gamma(T_2 - T_0)/T_2 + C$	13 000 11511 0.00
(A) LEGOT (JYZ/IX) - (D = /	2 0.0.0 97 1 3.7.1 .
= = (N/1(Tx2/Tx)-/2=/	7-00-0291729
,	1 0.00 9 7.7 1.00
[37=15x1(P2+4)=572	5797880005
5 70 6 553	
	0.010000283
S. Sin B.	2 Della 1200 1 25.4 5
13 B	0 0.9.2 2.04 9.5.51
5 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0 0.9 Z 2.54 2.55 3 955 7.1.4 9.5 0 3 9.54 2.13 0.00
12 sun 13	319.5.4 2.13 0.0.0
5 9 cm = - p.sm B	12 9.50 4.010 9.50!
W on X	37.21 151 9 601.
5	3 7.84 7.50 9.60 ; 3 7.00 9.53 1.54 ; 3 7.12 9.55 ; 20.0
2 10 60	31000 9.53 1.51 3 712 9.55 No.0
5 405, +408 5, 40	1 2,00 3.51 600 2 95.5 60 6 7.2.4
~ = [950] -(4) -> )24	2 95.000 7.2.4
19 2 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	
5 - <u>4</u> 0 3 1 1 8	3 460 259 0000
1400 X CO 84 JOO CO	3 0,00 253 0,00
The Prox co Pund -r	20.00 7.15950
J. J. W. Yw.	3.7.1.2.9.5 8 0.0.0
Exercial cod	3-2.0.0 3.5.3.2.0
J. TR to 630	0 0.1.0 0.0.0 6.3.0
5 100/3	37773955750
1 Din B	3 7.1.4 9.5.40.0.01
p co /3 + 9 pin/3 (1) co x	0 0.1.0 0.0.0 63.0 3 7.1.3 9 5 6 7.5.0 3 7.1.4 9.5.4 0.0.0 1.9.5.0 0.0.0 0.00
(r) mx	3.000 1.52 9.50
rema	13.7.1.5.9.5.2.0.0.0
TR = 625	D 0.1.0 90,0 6.25
h = V cin X -> 222	37.039.562.02
= × - V (10 Y	3 203 952 250
UO 4 - 959	0.04.2 7.11 9.5.9
1/n5 = X (24	39.50 0.00 7.1.9.
5 m 4 - 958	0 0.9.1 7 1.1.9.5.8
Vew = XOWK	
V X	3.7.0.4 9 56 9.5.1
ý ×	3 7.12 9.50 2.0.0
W - St + Page Y	1.0.00 7.51 7.1.85
Revised Real 7 1965	105
11/2 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	₩

-1-11/11/ Spin 1 . VEIGHT / W. 0./: NAME DS

NAME DS

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NAME

NAME 5 NAME REMARK 3 7.0,4 9.5 / 9.5] 13 7.1,2 7.02 7.00 11 9.51 2.20 9.51 3.0.0.0 7.5.9 9.6.0 3.1.50 7.26 2.61 3 0.00 9 58 00 0 1 00 0 9 6,0 7 2 1 3 9 5 1 9 5 8 9 6 0 1000 760 222 7:+ TR = 2 1 if cpel - reco 10 0.4.2 0.0.0 0.0.1 0.0.0.9 0.00 0.0.01 0 213 500 565 0 0.6.2 0.00 0.000 0.0.6.1.0.0.0.2.20.0 13 2.0.2 9.25 5.2.2 (0,0,4.1,0.0,0,0.0.1) 2 07.1.0.1 1 5.22 A stores of 511 to 10 231 5A6 20.11. Juc C of lest of 54 light TR to 566 Mary 200 - 706 to 600 - 1 10.0.2.2.5.66 0.0.1 10.011.0 3.00 566 16.0101/17.0016.00 100000 4 600 6400 160000 2001 1000 17:01/2 701 to 601 0.1.4 5.7.4 5.8.0 Trat for ho A 2016 of 565 0 037 545 20.2 3:1 0 0 3 9 5 6 6 6 0 1 0 0 2 3 5 5 6 6 6 0 1 0 0 0 1 5 6 6 6 6 6 5.4 C arid. of 55. Pan- CR Truck Sint 2 3 200 0.011.2 0.00 3.0.0 0,510.0 000 300 Stop - 02 12 301 3 1.7.3 1.0.5 0.0.0 2 3.7.2 200 0.00 1 2 0 0 9 7 0 7.2.2 3 7.7.5 7.7.5 9.2.0 K. 2.5 1972 J - Kiav - 1=1320] V2 15713 7.1.30.00 11000 4.2000 3000 236920 3213215000 Jx2/Iy]( x2-p2) SY\_ 2 5.00 2.00 0.00 -1 0.00 0.7.0 1.7.0 -2 5.1.4 5.1.7 0.00 -2 5.01 2.00 0.00 -1 2.00 1.7.0 7.7.2 K, FC (1) + [970] Cm 51 K5 Cm 14 F 27 ± 1970 >> TB 205519

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NICE DSS. SITE	سترسم و حرب و در از پیم څار تستسسست
KEMAKKI	
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'n	معة كالمداند الكالب المدالك أرييسياليات
<u> </u>	
<u>V</u>	
d.11.5	كالمدائكا سالدالسالية اكتلك المستسينين
S. 1.1.1.1.	
<u>^</u>	
Ψw	
Ψ	
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- G	
Υ	
3 <u>y</u>	<u> </u>
42 - r sin a + )952 - 1723	1,000.0.950.7.2
W sin Y	3.0 2.6.7.5 50.0
YeY +£2733]	1.00.0.7.2.3.2.2
TR to 591	0.0.1.0.0.0.5.
5.400 000 500	
[ 950] - ACC → 725	2.9.5.0.0.0.0.0.7.7
	3,9,2,7,2,6,0,0
<u> </u>	3,000,095600 2.7.2.5.0.007.2
TR to 535	0.0.1.0.0.0.0.5.
	<del></del>

	- DICTATON J	<u> </u>
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No	1.65 D.S.S. DAYEL	DRI MNT I ESA
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	c*=pV2/2	2 21/2/2001025
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Z:	1/2) + K C . <sup>2</sup>	109.000000
	$C_{0} = (0) + C_{0}$	110.0002.47 1.0.0
	Ci, = W/a+S	42501231.01
ستان داده فالمات	Cy = - B(2 (1/2/2)	5042255102
	C+= T/3 5 -	4020121102
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	C, 10= YN - (M)	209.0 6.0.0 00.0
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	<u> </u>	4 2.02 0.07 09.2 3 0.9.2 09.1 0.5.5
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	3/V CH COS Y	4.09.2.0.02.09.2
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ALCOHOL:	(1) + 4 pm Y com 10	

WILLIATUR DE 111377 60025 FINGERALL MODE - GA (DIFF Eg) NAME CLW DATE 0,0 REMARKS 9 cos B 3.0.4.5 0.6.5. 09.1 psm/3 9 cm/5 - (1) 2 0.9.1 0 0.0 0.0.0 70000,900,52 3 0.50 0.66 0.00 8 sin lu (2 d (1) 3. 5. 3. 7. 7. 6. 5. 6. 9. 5. 3. 0. 5. 0. 6. 1. 0. 0. 0. 3. 0. 7. 7. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 1. 0. 0. 0. 0. 9. 5. 0. 5. 9. Van VX-CEX 15 = 10 + 1 am Y TR 15 650 for Boll 1.1 100.1.0 00.6 65.0 6. بر د د المحيل Line City Last States 4 00.6 7.0.7 0.00 2 0.0.0 0.61 09 1 3 01.0 0.00 0.1 ....:

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	V; <sup>c</sup>	3 0.2.1 0.2.1 0.0.0
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### APPENDIX 111

#### THE LONGITUDINAL DYNAMICS PRODUM LUCLUDING OVERLAYS

HIGGRIN Planar (Temp. Storage) 

DICTATOR U dota shoot PREERAM Planar (Temp. Storage)

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# ENESMAN Planar (Tabular Data)

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